Carver

Designed by Margaux Hufnagel / Skill level: Easy



FINISHED MEASUREMENTS

Approximately 18½" / 47 cm around and 8½" / 21.5 cm long (not including pompom)

YARN

BERROCO MACRO (250 grs): 1 hank each #6746 Puffin Beak (MC) and #6712 Kara Sea (CC)

NEEDLES and NOTIONS

16" / 40 cm circular needle, size 15
/ 10 mm or size to obtain gauge
1 set double-pointed needles, size
15 / 10 mm
1 stitch marker
Tapestry needle
Optional: Large pompom maker

GAUGE

7 sts and 11 rnds = 4" / 10 cm in St st To save time and ensure accurate measurements, take time to check gauge.

Berroco Marco®





We recommend using yarns called for in our instructions. Every effort has been made to ensure that directions contained in this book are accurate and complete, however errors do occur. We cannot be responsible for variance of individual knitters, human or typographical errors.

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HAT

With circular needle, using MC, cast on 32 sts. Pm and join for working in the round.

Work even in St st (knit EVERY round) for 11 rounds. Change to CC and work even in St st for 8 rounds, or until piece measures 6¹/₄" / 16 cm from beginning.

Note: As you decrease for crown, when there are too few stitches to fit comfortably on circular needle, change to double-pointed needles, dividing stitches onto 3 needles.

Shape Crown: Dec Rnd 1: * K2, k2tog; rep from *

around—24 sts.

Knit 1 round.

Dec Rnd 2: * K1, k2tog; rep from * around—16 sts. Knit 1 round.

Dec Rnd 3: * K2tog; rep from * around—8 sts.

Break yarn, leaving an 8" / 20 cm long end. Thread end into tapestry needle and draw through all stitches on needles. Pull up tightly and secure, then fasten off.

FINISHING

Make a 3" / 7.5 cm diameter pompom, using MC and CC. Sew pompom to top of hat. Weave in all ends and block as desired.





STANDARD ABBREVIATIONS & TERMS

beg: beginning

CC: contrasting color

CDD: Centered Double Decrease—Slip 2 together (as if to k2tog), knit 1, pass the 2 slipped stitches over

cn: cable needle

dec: decrease

dpn(s): double pointed needle(s)

end on WS: end having just completed a Wrong Side row. end on RS: end having just completed a Right Side row Garter St: Knit EVERY row when working back and forth

in rows. Knit 1 round, purl 1 round when working in the round.

inc: increase

k: knit

k tbl: knit through the back loop(s)

k2tog: knit 2 stitches together

k3tog: knit 3 stitches together

 ${\bf kfb:}\,$ knit in the front and back of the next st

LH: left hand

LLI: Left Lifted Increase—Insert LH needle into the purl bump one row below the st just worked on the RH needle and knit into this st (1 st inc'd)

M1: Make 1—Pick up horizontal strand between stitch just worked and next stitch from front to back, place on left hand needle, knit this stitch through the back (1 stitch increased).

M1L: Make 1 Left—Work as for M1.

M1p: Make 1 purl—Pick up horizontal strand between stitch just worked and next stitch from front to back, place on left hand needle, purl this stitch through the back (1 stitch increased).

M1pL: Make 1 purl Left—Work as for M1p.

M1pR: Make 1 purl Right—Pick up horizontal strand between stitch just worked and next stitch from back to front, place on left hand needle, purl this stitch through the front (1 stitch increased).

M1R: Make 1 Right—Pick up horizontal strand between stitch just worked and next stitch from back to front, place on left hand needle, knit this stitch through the front (1 stitch increased).

MC: main color

p: purl

p tbl: purl through the back loop(s)
p2tog: purl 2 stitches together
p3tog: purl 3 stitches together
pat(s): pattern(s)

pm: place marker

psso: pass slipped stitch over knit stitch **rep:** repeat

Rev St st: Reverse Stockinette Stitch—Purl 1 row, knit 1 row alternately when working back and forth in rows. The purl side is the right side of the work. Purl EVERY round when working in the round.

RH: right hand

RLI: Right Lifted Increase—Insert RH needle into the purl bump of the next st on the LH needle and knit into this st (1 st inc'd)

rnd(s): round(s)

RS: right side

sl: slip

sm: slip marker

SSK: Slip 2 stitches knitwise, insert point of left hand needle through fronts of these 2 stitches and knit 2 together.

SSP: Slip 2 stitches knitwise, transfer these 2 stitches back to left hand needle, purl 2 together through the back loops.

SSSK: Slip 3 stitches knitwise, insert point of left hand needle through fronts of these 3 stitches and knit 3 together.

st(s): stitch(es)

St st: Stockinette Stitch—Knit 1 row, purl 1 row alternately when working back and forth in rows. The knit side is the right side of work. Knit EVERY round when working in the round.

tbl: through back loop(s)

w&t: wrap and turn, a method of concealing a hole created in short row shaping. On RS rows: With yarn held in front, slip next stitch purlwise, then bring yarn between needles to the back. Slip that same stitch back to the left needle. Turn your work. On WS Rows: With yarn held in back, slip next stitch purlwise, then bring yarn between needles to the front. Slip that same stitch back to the left needle. Turn your work. Unless otherwise indicated, each time you come to a wrapped stitch when working subsequent rows, slip the wrap back over stitch and onto needle, then work the wrap together with its accompanying stitch.

WS: wrong side wyib: with yarn in back wyif: with yarn in front yo: yarn over

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