# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Information



## **Akron Paint and Varnish**

(dba APV Engineered Coatings) 1390 Firestone Parkway Akron, Ohio 44301 USA

## www.apvcoatings.com

Information Telephone: (800) 772-3452

Facsimile: (330) 773-1028

Emergency Telephone: (330) 773-8911

CHEMTREC: (703) 527-3887

Product Code: A-1339-AR-01

Product Name: WHITE AEROPRITE AEROSOL

**Product Use:** Aerosol Coating

Not recommended for: Non-Professional Use

# Section 2 - Hazards Identification

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GH	2	Rat	tin	an

Flammable aerosol	1	Flammable aerosol class 1
Skin corrosive	2	Reversible adverse effects in dermal tissue, Draize score: >=
		2.3 < 4.0 or persistent inflammation
Eye corrosive	2A	Eye irritant: Subcategory 2A, Reversible in 21 days
Carcinogen	1B	Presumed Human Carcinogen, Based on demonstrated animal carcinogenicity
Aspiration hazard	1	Aspiration Toxicity Category 1: Known (regarded)- human evidence - hydrocarbons with kinematic viscosity ? 20.5

mm2/s at 40° C.

# **GHS Hazards**

H222	Extremely flammable material
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H350	May cause cancer.

## **GHS Precautions**

<u> </u>	
P201	Obtain special instructions before use
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other igntion source
P251	Pressurized container? Do not pierce or burn, even after use
P264	Wash contact area thoroughly after handling.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P281	Use personal protective equipment as required
P321	Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label)
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting
P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse
P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of water.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
	lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing.
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313	IF eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P405	Store locked up
P410+P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F

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Signal Word: Danger



#### **Acute Toxicity**

N/A

**Conditions Aggravated** 

N/A

**Chronic Effects** 

N/A

# Section 3 - Composition / Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS number	Weight Concentration %
Liquefied petroleum gas	68476-85-7	20.00% - 30.00%
Acetone	67-64-1	20.00% - 30.00%
n-Propyl acetate	109-60-4	10.00% - 20.00%
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	14.00%
Titanium (IV) dioxide	13463-67-7	5.00% - 10.00%
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	1.00% - 5.00%
4-Hydroxy-4-methyl-2-pentanone	123-42-2	1.00% - 5.00%
1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate	108-65-6	1.00% - 5.00%

# Section 4 - First Aid Measures

INHALATION - Move affected person to fresh air, rest in a half upright position, and loosen clothing. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Seek medical advice after significant exposure.

EYE CONTACT - Flush with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Lift eyelids occasionally. Get prompt medical attention.

SKIN - Wash thoroughly with soap and water immediately. Remove all contaminated clothing immediately. Seek medical advice if irritation persists.

INGESTION - Seek medical advice. The decision to induce vomiting or not must be made by a physician after careful consideration of all matterials ingested. Risk of aspiration into lungs.

# Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon Dioxide---Dry Chemical---Foam---Water Fog Use water for cooling material stored in vicinity of fire.

## **Explosion Hazards**

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Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground to an ignition source some distance from material handling point. Ignition sources include pilot lights, smoking, heaters, electric motors, sparks from electrical switches and static discharges.

CAUTION: Never use cutting torch on empty containers! Residual solvent vapor in empty container may explode. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions, overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain Medical Attention.

# **Hazardous Combustion Products**

N/A

#### **Recommended Fire Equipment**

Use self-contained breathing apparatus with a full-face piece operated in a pressure-demand or other positive pressure mode. Wear protective clothing.

# Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

**Non-emergency personnel:** Evacuate and isolate the area and prevent access. Remove ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Notify management. Avoid breathing vapor or mist and put on protective equipment. Control source of the leak. Ventilate.

<u>Emergency responders:</u> See section 8 for any specialized clothing recommendations. Also reference the information for non-emergency personnel

**Environmental precautions:** Prevent further leakage or spillage if possible. Do not allow the material to spread to drains, sewers, water supplies, or soil. Contact APV (330-773-8911) for assistance and advice.

<u>Small Spill:</u> Stop leak if possible and move containers from the spill area. Water soluble: dilute with water and mop up. Water Insoluble: Cover spill area with a suitable absorbent inert material (Kitty Litter, Oil-Dri, etc.) and dispose of in an appropriate metal waste container. Dispose of material through a licensed waste disposal contractor.

<u>Large Spill:</u> Stop leak if possible and move containers from the spill area. Approach release from upwind. Contain spillage and with non-combustible absorbent material and place in appropriate disposal container according to local regulations. Dispose of material through a licensed waste disposal contractor. Report spill to appropriate governing agencies if applicable.

APV requires that CHEMTREC be immediately notified (**800-424-9300**) when this product is unintentionally released from its container during its course of distribution, regardless of the amount released. Distribution includes transportation, storage incidental to transportation, loading and unloading. Such notification must be immediate and made by the person have knowledge of the release.

# Section 7 - Handling and Storage

#### **Precautions for Safe Handling**

Keep away from food, drink and heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Do not breathe vapor. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Never use pressure to empty. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage temperature-

Minimum: do not freeze Maximum: 40°C (104°F)

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Chemical Name / CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	ACGIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits
Liquefied petroleum gas 68476-85-7	1000 ppm TWA; 1800 mg/m3 TWA	See Appendix F: Minimal Oxygen Content	NIOSH: 1000 ppm TWA; 1800 mg/m3 TWA
Acetone 67-64-1	1000 ppm TWA; 2400 mg/m3 TWA	500 ppm STEL 250 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 250 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA
n-Propyl acetate 109-60-4	200 ppm TWA; 840 mg/m3 TWA	250 ppm STEL 200 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 200 ppm TWA; 840 mg/m3 TWA 250 ppm STEL; 1050 mg/m3 STEL
Methyl ethyl ketone 78-93-3	200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA	300 ppm STEL 200 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA 300 ppm STEL; 885 mg/m3 STEL
Titanium (IV) dioxide 13463-67-7	15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust)	10 mg/m3 TWA	N/A
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m3 TWA	200 ppm STEL 150 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m3 TWA 200 ppm STEL; 950 mg/m3 STEL
4-Hydroxy-4-methyl-2- pentanone 123-42-2	50 ppm TWA; 240 mg/m3 TWA	50 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 50 ppm TWA; 240 mg/m3 TWA
1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate 108-65-6	N/A	N/A	Workplace Enviromental Exposure Levels (WEEL) - TWA: 50 ppm

Engineering Controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other controls to keep air containment concentration below current applicable OSHA permissible exposure limit or ACGIH TLV limit, and volatiles below lower explosive limit. Heavy solvent vapors should be removed from the lower levels of area, and all ignition sources (non-explosion proof equipment) should be eliminated if flammable mixtures will be encountered. Remove decomposition products formed during welding or flame cutting of surfaces coated with this product. For baking finishes - vent vapors emitted on heating.

**Environmental Controls:** Emissions should comply with environmental protection legislation.

#### **Individual Protection Measures:**

<u>Hygiene measures</u>- Wash hands, forearms, etc. after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking, and using the lavatory, and the end of the work period. Use appropriate techniques when removing potentially contaminated clothing and wash before reusing. Know the locations of eyewash and safety showers.

Respiratory Protection- Provide adequate ventilation to keep exposure below permissible limits. If a risk assessment deems necessary, operator is to use a properly fitted, air purifying or supplied air respirator. Respirator selection must be based on known/ anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product, and the safe working limits of the respirator.

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Skin and Body Protection- Wear chemical resistant gloves (nitrile) and paint suits when necessary, based on risk assessment. The most suitable glove must be chosen in consultation with the gloves supplier who can inform about the breakthrough time of the glove material. PPE for the body should be selected based on the risks of the task being performed and approved by a specialist. Appropriate footwear should also be approved.

<u>Eye/Face Protection</u>- Wear approved chemical safety goggles where exposure to vapor or contact with eyes is possible. Eye wash stations should also be made available. If inhalation hazard exists, a risk assessment will determine if a full face respirator may be required

# Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

pH: N/A

% Volume Solids 5.47

U.S. VOC Wt/Gal (wet) 4.06

Odor: Acetone

Color: White Flash Point: -69°F,-56°C

Autoignition Temperature: 315°C

Vapor Pressure: 91.4 mmHg

Freezing Point: Not determined

Viscosity: Not determined

% Weight Solids 14.51

VOC Wt/Gal (wet) 5.54

Specific Gravity (SG) 0.798

Odor Threshold: Not determined

**Boiling Point:** 56°C

**LEL/UEL:** 1% - 13%

Evaporation Rate (nBuAc=1): Not determined

Vapor Density: 2.7

Partition coefficient: Not determined

# Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

#### Stability and reactivity profile

This material is considered stable

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## The following materials should be avoided in contact with the mixture

Oxidizing agents

Strong bases

Strong acids

Reducing agents

# **Hazardous decomposition products**

Carbon oxides

Titanium/titanium oxides

# Section 11 - Toxicological Information

## **Mixture Toxicity**

Inhalation Toxicity LC50: 71mg/L

## **Component Toxicity**

78-93-3 Methyl ethyl ketone

Oral LD50: 2,483 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal LD50: 5,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

123-86-4 n-Butyl acetate

Inhalation LC50: 390 ppm (Rat)

123-42-2 4-Hydroxy-4-methyl-2-pentanone

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Oral LD50: 4 g/kg (Rat) Inhalation LC50: 10 mg/L (Rat)

108-65-6 1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate

Dermal LD50: 5,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

LC<sub>50</sub> and LD<sub>50</sub> toxicity for this product are merely estimates and have yet to be determined. For individual component ecotoxicity, please refer to Section 11.

## **Possible Routes of Entry**

Inhalation Skin Contact Eye Contact Ingestion

**Potential Target Organs** 

Eyes Kidneys Liver Central Nervous System Skin Respiratory System

#### **Effects of Overexposure**

Not Available

#### The following components are possible carcinogens

\*Materials labeled a carcinogen in dust form are supplied in solution, thus eliminating the hazard.

<u>CAS Number</u> <u>Description</u> <u>% Weight</u> <u>Carcinogen Rating</u>

13463-67-7 Titanium (IV) dioxide 5 to 10% Titanium (IV) dioxide: (\*dust)
NIOSH: potential occupational

carcinogen

IARC: Possible human carcinogen

OSHA: listed

# Section 12 - Ecological Information

#### **Mixture Ecotoxicity**

Toxicity- Do not release into environment. May cause long term adverse effects.

Persistence and degradability- N/A Bioaccumulative potential- N/A

Mobility in Soil- N/A

**Component Ecotoxicity** 

Liquefied petroleum gas LC50 fishes > 24.11 mg/l 96 hours

LC50 daphnia > 14.22 mg/l 48 hours ErC50 (algae) > 7.71 mg/l 96 hours

Acetone 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 4.74 - 6.33 mL/L; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales

promelas: 6210 - 8120 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 8300

mg/L

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 10294 - 17704 mg/L [Static]; 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia

magna: 12600 - 12700 mg/L

n-Propyl acetate 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 56 - 64 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50

Pimephales promelas: 56 - 64 mg/L [static]

Methyl ethyl ketone 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 3130 - 3320 mg/L [flow-through]

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: >520 mg/L; 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 5091

mg/L; 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 4025 - 6440 mg/L [Static]

n-Butyl acetate 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 100 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales

promelas: 17 - 19 mg/L [flow-through]

72 Hr EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus: 674.7 mg/L

4-Hydroxy-4-methyl-2- 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 420 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis

pentanone macrochirus: 420 mg/L

1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 161 mg/L [static]

48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: >500 mg/L

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# Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations. Controlled incineration is recommended for disposal of unused product. Prevent contamination of soil, drains and surface waters. Dispose of large containers to a licensed reconditioner. Dispose of small containers in compliance with local regulations.

Section 14 - Transport Informa	ation
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	Proper Shipping Name CONSUMER COMMODITY	UN Number ID8000	Packing Group	<u>Hazard Class</u> 9
	Pkg Instr: Y963 AEROSOLS	UN1950		2.1
	May ship LTD QTY AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE	UN1950		2.1
IMDG A	Pkg Instr: Y203/203/203 AEROSOLS EmS: F-D. S-U	UN1950		2.1

# Section 15 - Regulatory Information

The following chemicals are listed in Californa Title 8 CCR Sections as Hazardous Substances

123-42-2 4-Hydroxy-4-methyl-2-pentanone

123-86-4 n-Butyl acetate

78-93-3 Methyl ethyl ketone

109-60-4 n-Propyl acetate

67-64-1 Acetone

The following chemicals are listed in Californa Title 8 CCR Sections 5200-5220 as Carcinogens.

- None

The following chemicals are listed in Californa Title 8 CCR Section 5203 as Carcinogens

- None

The following chemicals are listed in Californa Title 8 CCR Section 5209 as Carcinogens.

- None

The following chemicals are listed in the EU-Substances of Very High Concern (2008/67/ED) (SVHC): 68476-85-7 Liquefied petroleum gas Carcinogens

The following chemcials are listed in the EU-Restriction of the use of certain Hazardous Substances (2011/65/EU) (RoHS):

- None

The following chemicals are included in the Global Automotive Declarable Substance List (GADSL)

- None

The following substances are required for notification by the Japanese Enforcement Order of the Industrial Safety and Health Law (ISHL):

108-65-6 1-Methoxy-2-propyl acetate

123-42-2 4-Hydroxy-4-methyl-2-pentanone

123-86-4 n-Butyl acetate

13463-67-7 Titanium (IV) dioxide

78-93-3 Methyl ethyl ketone

109-60-4 n-Propyl acetate

67-64-1 Acetone

The following chemicals are listed on the Massachusetts Right-to-Know Hazardous Substances List.

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123-42-2 4-Hydroxy-4-methyl-2-pentanone 123-86-4 n-Butyl acetate 13463-67-7 Titanium (IV) dioxide 78-93-3 Methyl ethyl ketone 109-60-4 n-Propyl acetate 67-64-1 Acetone 68476-85-7 Liquefied petroleum gas

The following chemicals are listed on the New Jersey Right-to-Know Hazardous Substances List.

123-42-2 4-Hydroxy-4-methyl-2-pentanone

123-86-4 n-Butyl acetate

13463-67-7 Titanium (IV) dioxide

78-93-3 Methyl ethyl ketone

109-60-4 n-Propyl acetate

67-64-1 Acetone

68476-85-7 Liquefied petroleum gas

The following chemicals are listed on the Pennsylvania Right-to-Know Hazardous Substances List.

123-42-2 4-Hydroxy-4-methyl-2-pentanone

123-86-4 n-Butyl acetate

13463-67-7 Titanium (IV) dioxide

78-93-3 Methyl ethyl ketone

109-60-4 n-Propyl acetate

67-64-1 Acetone

68476-85-7 Liquefied petroleum gas

The following chemicals are listed by the State of California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65):

13463-67-7 Titanium (IV) dioxide 5 to 10 % Carcinogen

Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (EPCRA) requires certain facilities manufacturing, processing, or otherwise using listed toxic chemicals to report their environmental releases of such chemicals annually. The following chemicals are listed:

- None

The following chemicals are listed in EPCRA (SARA) Section 313: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic Chemicals (PBT)

- None

The following chemicals are listed under EPCRA (SARA) Section 313: Toxic Release Inventory (TRI)

- None

Under Section 12(b) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), exporters may need to notify the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency if they export or intend to export a product containing a chemical substance that is present on this list. The following substances are containted within this material:

- None

The following chemicals are listed as a Hazardous Air Pollutant under listed under the U.S. CAA (Clean Air Act)

- None

Country	<u>Regulation</u>	All Components Listed
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Canadian Non-Domestic Substances List (NSDL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China (IECSC	) No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No

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Europe	REACH Registered or Pre-Registered Substances and Intermediates	Yes
Japan	Japanese Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Japan	Japan Inventory of Industrial Saftey and Health Law Substances (ISHL)	No
Korea	Korean Existing Chemical Inventory (KECI)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	Yes
Philippines	Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
USA	Toxic Substances and Control Act (TSCA)	Yes

## **EU Risk Phrases**

Not Available

#### Safety Phrase

Not Available

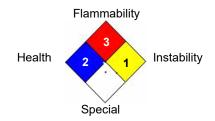
# Section 16 - Other Information

NFPA and HMIS use a numbering scale ranging from 0 to 4 to indicate the degree of hazard. A value of zero means that the substance possesses essentially no hazard; a rating of four indicates extreme danger. Although similar, the two rating systems are intended for different purposes, and use different criteria. The NFPA system was developed to provide an on-the-spot alert to the hazards of a material, and their severity, to emergency responders. The HMIS system was designed to communicate workplace hazard information to employees who handle hazardous chemicals.

## **Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)**

# HEALTH 2 HMIS & NFPA Hazard Rating Legend \* = Chronic Health Hazard 0 = INSIGNIFICANT 1 = SLIGHT 2 = MODERATE 3 = HIGH

#### National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)



The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be whether originating with the company or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances.

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Date Prepared: 12/3/2019 Reviewer ID: apalmer

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