Date: August 17, 2006

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Code: 90116

Flammability 2

Product Name: Star brite Aircraft Polish Health

Special

Manufacturer Information Company Name:

Star Brite Distributing

Instability

0

4041 SW 47th Avenue

Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33314

Information:

1-800-327-8583

Emergency Contact

800-424-9300 or 1-703-527-3887 Chemtrec

Chemical Family:

Petroleum distillate polish

CAS Number:

Mixture

Standard Transportation:

wnxture

Commodity Code (STCC):

Hazardous Components (Chemical Na	me) CAS#	Percentage	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	Other Limits
Kerosine	8008-20-6	10.0-30.0 %	No data.	No data.	14ppm
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.0-1.0 %	10ppm	10ppm	10ppm
Ethene, Tetrafluoro-, homopolymer	9002-84-0	0.1-5.0%	N.E.	N.E.	No data.
Quartz	14808-60-7	0.1-5.0 %	No data.	0.1 mg/m3	· -
Polydimethylsiloxane	63148-62-9	5.0-10.0 %	N.E.	N.E.	No data.
Hazardous Components (Chemical Na	me) RTECS #	OSHA STEL	OSHA CEIL	ACGIH STEL	ACGIH CEIL
Kerosine	OA5500000	No data.	No data.	No data.	No data.
Naphthalene	QJ0525000	No data.	No data.	No data.	No data.
Ethene, Tetrafluoro-, homopolymer	KX4025000	No data.	No data.	No data.	No data.
Quartz	W7330000	No data.	No data.	No data.	No data.
Polydimethylsiloxane	VW1511000	No data.	No data.	No data.	No data.

Emergency Overview:

HEALTH HAZARD:

A component is harmful if swallowed. Aspiration hazard. May cause severe skin irritation after prolonged or repeated contact. A component may cause allergic skin reaction. Causes eye irritation. Use ventilation adequate to keep exposures below recommended exposure limits. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing.

3. NAZAKUS IDEN HITICAHUN

Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Do not taste or swallow. Wash thoroughly after handling.

As a solution, the quartz silica is not expected to be in a respiratory form, and is not expected to pose a health hazard, as silica dust is not present.

PHYSICAL HAZARD:

Flammable liquid and vapor. Keep away from heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition. Keep containers tightly closed.

90116

Product Name:

Star brite Aircraft Polish

SECTION 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION cont'd

Route(s) of Entry:

Inhalation? Yes

Skin? Yes

Eyes? Yes

Ingestion? Yes

Potential Health Effects (Acute and Chronic)

EYE: Eye Irritant. Contact may cause stinging, watering, redness and swelling

SKIN: Skin Irritant. Contact may cause redness and burning of the skin. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause drying and cracking of the skin and severe skin damage. No harmful effects from skin absorption have been reported.

INHALATION: No information available. Studies by other exposure routes suggest a low degree of toxicity.

INGESTION: A component of this material is toxic. May be harmful if swallowed. Aspiration Hazard-This material can enter lungs during swallowing or vomiting and cause lung inflammation and damage.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Effects of overexposure may include irritation of the nose and throat, irritation of the digestive tract, headaches, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, signs of nervous system depression, abdominal pain, an allergic skin reaction through repeated contact, pneumonitis, blood disorders, and jaundice.

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated By Exposure

Skin disorders, blood disorders and liver disorders.

OSHA Hazard Classes:

HEALTH HAZARDS: Toxic, Irritant

PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Flammable Liquid/Sol

TARGET ORGANS & EFFECTS: Lungs, Eyes, Skin, Liver, Blood

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Emergency and First Aid Procedures

EYES: Move victim away from exposure and into fresh air. If irritation or redness develops, flush eyes with clean water and seek medical attention. For direct contact, hold eyelids apart and flush the affected eye(s) with clean water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated shoes and clothing, and flush affected area(s) with large amounts of water. If skin surface is damaged, apply a clean dressing and seek medical attention. If skin surface is not damaged, cleanse affected area thoroughly by washing with mild soap and water. If irritation or redness develops, seek medical attention.

INHALATION: If respiratory symptoms develop, move victim away from source of exposure and into fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention. If victim is not breathing, immediately begin artificial respiration. If breathing difficulties develop, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

INGESTION: Aspiration hazard: Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. If victim is drowsy or unconscious, place on the left side with the head down. If possible, do not leave victim unattended. Seek medical attention.

Note to Physician

NOTE TO PHYSICIANS: IF AN ALLERGIC REACTION TO THIS MATERIAL DEVELOPS, AVOID ANY FURTHER CONTACT.

90116

Product Name:

Star brite Aircraft Polish

SECTION 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point
Explosive Limits:

100.00 F (37.8 C)

Method: TCC

Explosive Limits:

LEL: 0.90

UEL: 8.00

Autoignition Pt:

N.A.

Fire Fighting Instructions

Emergency responders in the danger area should wear bunker gear and self-contained breathing apparatus for fires beyond the incipient stage. In addition, wear other appropriate protective equipment as conditions warrant. Isolate damage area, keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done with minimal risk. Move undamaged containers from danger area if it can be done with minimal risk. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors. Cool equipment exposed to fire with water, it can be done with minimal risk. Avoid spreading burning liquid with water used for cooling purposes.

Flammable Properties and Hazards

Material may float on water.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide

Extinguishing Media

Foam, CO2, Dry chemical or halon is recommended. Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel. Water may be ineffective for extinguishment, unless under favorable conditions by experienced fire fighters. Halon may decompose into toxic material. Carbon Dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying halon or carbon dioxide in confined spaces.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

No data available.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or Spilled

Keep all sources of ignition and hot metal surfaces away from spill/release. Use explosion proof equipment. Stay upwind and away from spill/release. Isolate danger area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done with minimal risk. Wear appropriate protective equipment including respiratory protection as conditions warrant. Prevent spilled material form entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized treatment drainage systems, and natural waterways. Dike far ahead of spill for later recovery or disposal. Use foam on spills to minimize vapors. Spilled material may be absorbed into an appropriate absorbent material. Notify fire authorities and appropriate federal, state, and local agencies as required. Immediate cleanup of any spill is recommended.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Hazard Label Information:

Keep containers closed when not using. Store in a cool dry place. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame. Store away from incompatible material

Precautions To Be Taken in Handling

Open container slowly to relieve any pressure. Can accumulate static charge by flow or agitation. Vapor can be ignited by static discharge. The use of explosion-proof equipment is recommended and may be required. The use of respiratory protection is advised when concentrations exceed any established exposure limits. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not wear contaminated clothing or shoes. Use good personal hygiene practice.

Empty containers retain residue (liquid and/or vapor) and may be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. All containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations.

90116

Product Name:

Star brite Aircraft Polish

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE cont'd

Precautions To Be Taken In Storing

STORAGE:

Keep containers tightly closed. Use and store this material in cool, dry, well-ventilated away from heat, direct sunlight, hot metal surfaces, and all sources of ignition. Post area "NO smoking or Open flame." Store only in approved containers. Keep away from any incompatible material. Protect container against physical damage. Outdoor or detached storage is preferred. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Protective Equipment Summary-Hazard Label Information:

Chemical resistant gloves Chemical safety goggles Eye wash station in work area Clothes to prevent skin contact ANSI approved respirator

Respiratory Equipment (Specify Type)

The use of respiratory protection is advised when concentrations are expected to exceed the established exposure limits. Depending on the airborne concentration, use a respirator with appropriate cartridges or supplied-air equipment.

Eye Protection

Approved eye protection to safeguard against potential eye contact, irritation, or injury is recommended.

Protective Gloves

Impervious gloves

Other Protective Clothing

Eye wash and quick drench shower facilities should be available in the work area. Thoroughly clean shoes and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. It is recommended that impervious clothing be worn.

Engineering Controls (Ventilation etc.)

If current ventilation practices are not adequate to maintain airborne concentrations below the established exposure limits, additional ventilation or exhaust systems may be required. Where explosive mixtures may be present, electrical systems safe for such locations must be used.

() Solid

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical States:

() Gas
(X) Liquid

Melting Point: N.A. - N.A. Boiling Point: N.A. - N.A.

Autoignition Pt: N.A.

 Flash Pt:
 100.00 F (37.8 C)
 Method: TCC

 Explosive Limits:
 LEL: 0.90
 UEL: 8.00

Specific Gravity (Water = 1): 0.99 - 1.02 N.A.

Vapor Pressure (vs. Air or mm Hg):

No data.

Vapor Density (vs. Air = 1):

No data.

Evaporation Rate (vs Butyl

No data.

Acetate=1):

Solubility in Water: No data.

Percent Volatile: > 70.0 % by weight.

Viscosity: 3000 –4000 CPS N.A.

Corrosion Rate:
No data
No data
N/AV
pH:
No data

Appearance and Odor

Pink, viscous liquid with characteristic petroleum odor.

90116

Product Name:

Star brite Aircraft Polish

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:

Unstable ()

Stable(X)

Conditions to Avoid-Instability

Stable under normal conditions of storage and handling. Flammable liquid and vapor. Vapor can cause flash fire.

Incompatibility-Materials to Avoid

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Or Byproducts

Combustion can yield major amounts of oxides of carbon and minor amounts of oxides of sulfur and nitrogen.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will occur () Will not occur (X)

Conditions To Avoid-Hazardous Polymerization

None known

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological Information

See Carcinogenity Section.

Target Organs: Ingestion of naphthalene has caused hemolysis in humans deficient in glucose-6phosphate dehydrogenase. Limited evidence of cataract formation and liver damage has been reported in laboratory animals.

Carcinogenicity/Other Information

Application of kerosene to mouse skin, twice a week for 12 months, resulted in an increased incidence of skin tumors. It has not been identified as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC, or OSHA.

Female mice exposed via inhalation to naphthalene developed alveolar adenomas. This effect was not seen in male mice. It has not been identified as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC, or OSHA.

Crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources is classified as carcinogenic to humans, however, as the product is a solution, respirable crystalline silica is not expected to be present in the material.

Carcinogenicity:

NTP? No

IARC Monographs? No

OSHA Regulated? No

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecological Information

Not available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method

Consult federal, state and local regulations regarding the proper disposal of this material.

90116

Product Name:

Star brite Aircraft Polish

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

LAND TRANSPORT (US DOT)

DOT Proper Shipping Name:

Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Kerosine)

UN Number:

1993

DOT Hazard Class:

DOT Packing Group

III

DOT Hazard Label:

Limited quantities up to 5 liters. Consumer Commodity ORM-D

Above 5 liters: Flammable liquid

AIR TRANSPORT IMDG/IATA)

Proper Shipping Name:

Flammable liquid n.o.s. (Kerosine)

UN Number:

1993

Hazard Class:

Packing Group:

Hazard Labels Required:

Limited quantities up to 5 liters.

Above 5 liters, Flammable Liquid

Note: The information provided in Section 14 is based on the rules and regulations governing the shipment of non-bulk containers and may not apply when using bulk packaging to ship this material.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

US EPA SARA TITLE III

Hazardous Components (Chemical Name) CAS #		Sec.302 (EHS)	Sec. 304 RQ	Sec. 313 (TRI)	Sec. 110	
Kerosine	8008-20-6	No	No	No	No	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	No	Yes 100 LB	Yes	Yes	
Ethene, Tetrafluoro-, homopolymer	9002-84-0	No	No	No	No	
Quartz	14808-60-7	No	No '	No	No	
Polydimethylsiloxane	63148-62-9	No	No	No	No	

US EPA CAA, CWA, TSCA

Hazardous Components (Chemical Name) Cas#		EPA CAAEPA CWA NPDES		EPA TSCA	CA PROP 65
Kerosine	8008-20-6	· No	No	No	No
Naphthalene	91-20-3	HAP	Yes	8A PAIR	Yes
Ethene, Tetrafluoro-, homopolymer	9002-84-0	No	No	No	No
Quartz	14808-60-7	No	No	No	No
Polydimethylsiloxane	63148-62-9	No	No .	8A, 8A PAIR	No

SARA (Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986) Lists:

EPA SARA Title III Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Chemical with TPQ. *indicates 10000 Sec.302:

LB TPQ if not volatile.

EPA SARA Title III Section 304: CERCLA Reportable + Sec.302 with Reportable Quantity** indicates statutory Sec.304:

RQ.

EPA SARA Title III Section 313 Toxic Release Inventory. Note: -Cat indicates a member of a chemical category. Sec.313:

EPA SARA 110 Superfund Site Priority Contaminant List Sec.110:

TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Lists:

Chemical Subject to Significant New Rules (SNURS) 5A(2):

Commercial Chemical Control Rules 6A:

Toxic Substances Subject To Information Rules on Production 8A: Comprehensive Assessment Information Rules – (CAIR) **8A CAIR:** Preliminary Assessment Information Rules – (PAIR) 8A PAIR: 8C: Records of Allegations of Significant Adverse Reactions

8D: Health and Safety Data Reporting Rules

Health and Safety Data Reporting Rule Terminations 8D TERM:

90116

Product Name:

Star brite Aircraft Polish

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION cont'd

Other Important Lists:

CWA NPDES: EPA Clean Water Act NPDES Permit Chemical CAA HAP: EPA Clean Air Act Hazardous Air Pollutant

CAA ODC: EPA Clean Air Act Ozone Depleting Chemical (1=CFC,2=HCFC)

CA PROP 65: California Proposition 65

Regulatory Information

This material contains the following chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 313 and 40

CFR 372:

Component

CAS number

Weight

Naphthalene

91-20-3

0-1%

WARNING:

This material contains the following chemicals which are known to the State of California to cause Cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, and are subject to the requirements of California Proposition 65

Component

Effect

Benzene

Cancer

Toluene

Developmental Toxicant

This material has been identified as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC, or OSHA. For carcinogenity information on individual components see section 11.

EPA Reportable Quantity:

RQ #1 Naphthalene

100 lb equal to 10000 lb, (1482 gal), of this material.

EPA Hazard Categories:

This material meets the EPA 'Hazard Categories' defined for SARA TITLE III Sections 311/312 as indicated.

(X) Yes
 () No Acute (immediate) Health Hazard
 () Yes
 (X) No Chronic (delayed) Health Hazard
 (X) Yes
 (Yes
 (Yes
 (Yes

() Yes (X) No Reactive Hazard

() Yes (X) No Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard

Regulatory Information Statement

The information contained herein is based on data considered accurate. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. Vendor assumes no responsibility for injury to vendee or third person proximately caused by the material if reasonable safety procedures are not adhered to as stipulated in the data sheet. Additionally, vendor assumes no responsibility for injury to vendee or third persons proximately caused by abnormal use of the material even if reasonable safety procedures are followed. Furthermore, vendee assumes all risk in use of the material.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

THIS INFORMATION IS FURNISHED WITHOUT WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, EXCEPT THAT IS ACCURATE TO THE BEST KNOWLEDGE OF STAR BRITE. THE DATA ON THIS SHEET RELATES ONLY TO THE SPECIFIC MATERIAL DESIGNATED HEREIN. STAR BRITE ASSUMES NO LEGAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR USE OR RELIANCE UPON THIS DATA.