According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

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SECTION	1. IDENTIFICATION		
Produ	ict name	: AeroShell Oil 8	0
Produ	ict code	: 001A0073	
Manu	facturer or supplier	's details	
Manut	facturer/Supplier	: Shell Oil Prod PO Box 4427 Houston TX 77 USA	
	Request mer Service	: (+1) 877-276-7 :	285
Emer	gency telephone nu	mber	
Spill I	nformation Information	: 877-504-9351 : 877-242-7400	
Reco	mmended use of the	e chemical and restric	tions on use
Recor	mmended use		ting oil for aircraft piston engines., For further the AeroShell Book on www.shell.com/aviatior
Restri	ctions on use	ance with the re	ust be used, handled and applied in accord- equirements of the equipment manufacturer's ins and other documentation.

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required	
Signal word	: No signal word	
Hazard statements	 PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria. 	a.
Precautionary statements	Prevention: No precautionary phrases. Response:	

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No precautionary phrases.

Storage:

No precautionary phrases.

Disposal:

No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

Under normal conditions of use or in a foreseeable emergency, this product does not meet the definition of a hazardous chemical when evaluated according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture	:	Mixture
---------------------	---	---------

Chemical nature : Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSOextract, according to IP346.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Alkylated phenol		125643-61-0	1 - 3
ester			

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the

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	medica	on of any immediate I attention and special ent needed	:	appropriate perso incident, injury and Treat symptomatio	-

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water in a jet.
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.
Specific extinguishing meth- ods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.

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	Additional advice		see Section 8 of t For guidance on o this Safety Data S	selection of personal protective equipment his Safety Data Sheet. disposal of spilled material see Section 13 of Sheet.
SECTIO	N 7. HANDLING AND ST	ORA	GE	
Tec	hnical measures		vapours, mists or Use the information sessment of local	t ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of aerosols. on in this data sheet as input to a risk as- circumstances to help determine appropri- afe handling, storage and disposal of this
Adv	rice on safe handling	:	Avoid inhaling vap When handling pr worn and proper l	oduct in drums, safety footwear should be nandling equipment should be used. of any contaminated rags or cleaning mate-
Avo	idance of contact	:	Strong oxidising a	agents.
Pro	duct Transfer	:		and bonding procedures should be used nsfer operations to avoid static accumulation.
	ther information on stor- stability	:	place.	ghtly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated
			Store at ambient	temperature.
Pac	kaging material	:	Suitable material: steel or high dens Unsuitable materi	
Cor	ntainer Advice	:		tainers should not be exposed to high tem- e of possible risk of distortion.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type	Control parame-	Basis
		(Form of	ters / Permissible	
		exposure)	concentration	
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Oil mist, mineral		TWA (Inhal-	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
		able particu-	-	
		late matter)		

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Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

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L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

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Perso	onal protective equip	oment	
Resp	iratory protection	conditions of u In accordance tions should b If engineering tions to a leve select respirat cific conditions Check with res Where air-filte priate combina Select a filter s	with good industrial hygiene practices, precau- e taken to avoid breathing of material. controls do not maintain airborne concentra- l which is adequate to protect worker health, ory protection equipment suitable for the spe- s of use and meeting relevant legislation. spiratory protective equipment suppliers. ring respirators are suitable, select an appro- ation of mask and filter. suitable for the combination of organic gases and particles [Type A/Type P boiling point
	protection emarks	gloves approv US: F739) ma suitable chem gloves Suitabi usage, e.g. fre sistance of glo glove supplier Personal hygie Gloves must of gloves, hands cation of a nor For continuous through time of 480 minutes w short-term/spla recognize that may not be av time maybe ac and replaceme a good predict dependent on Glove thicknes	ontact with the product may occur the use of ed to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, de from the following materials may provide ical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber lity and durability of a glove is dependent on equency and duration of contact, chemical re- ove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from s. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. ene is a key element of effective hand care. only be worn on clean hands. After using should be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- n-perfumed moisturizer is recommended. s contact we recommend gloves with break- of more than 240 minutes with preference for > where suitable gloves can be identified. For ash protection we recommend the same but s uitable gloves offering this level of protection ailable and in this case a lower breakthrough cceptable so long as appropriate maintenance ent regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not tor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is the exact composition of the glove material. s should be typically greater than 0.35 mm the glove make and model.
Eye p	protection		andled such that it could be splashed into eyes, wear is recommended.
Skin a	and body protection	work clothes.	n is not ordinarily required beyond standard tice to wear chemical resistant gloves.
Prote	ctive measures		ective equipment (PPE) should meet recom- nal standards. Check with PPE suppliers.
Therr	nal hazards	: Not applicable	

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Environmental exposure controls

General advice : Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Section 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	:	amber
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available
рН	:	Not applicable
pour point	:	<= -15 °C / <= 5 °F Method: ASTM D97
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	> 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s)
Flash point	:	>= 225 °C / >= 437 °F
		Method: ASTM D92 (COC)
Evaporation rate	:	Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available
Upper explosion limit / upper flammability limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)
Vapour pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F)
		estimated value(s)
Relative vapour density	:	> 1 estimated value(s)
Relative density	:	0.884 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F)
Density	:	884 kg/m3 (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) Method: ASTM D4052

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	Solubili Wat	ty(ies) er solubility	:	negligible	
	Solu	bility in other solvents	:	Data not available	e
	Partitio octanol	n coefficient: n- /water	:	log Pow: > 6 (based on inform	ation on similar products)
	Auto-ig	nition temperature	:	> 320 °C / 608 °F	
	Decom	position temperature	:	Data not available	e
	Viscosi Visc	ty cosity, dynamic	:	Data not available	e
	Viso	cosity, kinematic	:	14 mm2/s (100 °	C / 212 °F)
				Method: ASTM D	445
	Explosi	ve properties	:	Not classified	
	Oxidizi	ng properties	:	Data not availabl	e
	Conduc	ctivity	:	This material is n	ot expected to be a static accumulator.
	Conduc	Stivity	•		or expected to be a static accumulator.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	:	Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	:	Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

whole, rather than for individual component(s).	Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).
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Information on likely routes of exposure

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Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Acute dermal toxicity	LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Not a skin sensitiser. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies., Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

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IARC		No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.			
OSHA		No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.			
NTP		No component of this product present at levels greater than equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinog by NTP.			
Reproc	ductive toxicity				
<u>Produc</u>	<u>>t:</u>				
			evelopmental toxicant., Does not impair available data, the classification criteria are		

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Continuous contact with used engine oils has caused skin cancer in animal tests.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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Basis for assessment		:	for this product. Information given and the ecotoxico Unless indicated tive of the produc ponent(s).(LL/EL/	data have not been determined specifically is based on a knowledge of the components logy of similar products. otherwise, the data presented is representa- t as a whole, rather than for individual com- IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of to prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecoto	oxicity			
Produ Toxic ty)	uct: ity to fish (Acute toxici-	:	Remarks: LL/EL/I Practically non to: Based on availab	
	ity to daphnia and other ic invertebrates (Acute y)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/I Practically non to: Based on availab	
Toxic icity)	ity to algae (Acute tox-	:	Remarks: LL/EL/I Practically non to: Based on availab	
Toxic icity)	ity to fish (Chronic tox-	:	Remarks: Data no	ot available
	ity to daphnia and other ic invertebrates (Chron-	:	Remarks: Data no	ot available
	ity to microorganisms e toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data no	ot available
Persi	stence and degradabili	ity		
Prod				
Biode	gradability	:	Major constituents	dily biodegradable. s are inherently biodegradable, but contains may persist in the environment.
Bioad	cumulative potential			
Prod	uct:			
Bioac	cumulation	:	Remarks: Contair cumulate.	ns components with the potential to bioac-
Mobi	lity in soil			
Produ	uct:			

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Mobility		:	Remarks: Liquid under most environmental conditions. If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile. Remarks: Floats on water.		
	Other a	adverse effects			
	Product: Additional ecological infor- mation		:	ozone creation po Product is a mixtu	one depletion potential, photochemical otential or global warming potential. Ire of non-volatile components, which will not in any significant quantities under normal
				Poorly soluble mi Causes physical f	xture. ouling of aquatic organisms.
					ot cause chronic toxicity to aquatic organ- tions less than 1 mg/l.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues	 Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses
	Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment. Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.
Contaminated packaging	Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.
Local legislation Remarks	: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

US Department of Transportation Classification (49 CFR Parts 171-180)

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Not regulated as a dangerous good

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

*: This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ., Shell classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore releases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 313

: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0
Residual Oils (Petroleum) Solvent Dewaxed	64742-62-7

California Prop. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

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California List of Hazardous Substances

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0
Residual Oils (Petroleum) Solvent Dewaxed	64742-62-7

Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:				
EINECS	:	All components listed or polymer exempt.		
T 001				
TSCA	:	All components listed.		
DSL	:	All components listed.		
		•		

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 0, 1, 0 tivity)

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH OSHA Z-1 ACGIH / TWA OSHA Z-1 / TWA Abbreviations and Acronyms	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim- its for Air Contaminants 8-hour, time-weighted average 8-hour time weighted average The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu- ment can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.
		ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CEFIC = European Chemical Industry Council CLP = Classification Packaging and Labelling COC = Cleveland Open-Cup DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normung DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DSL = Canada Domestic Substance List EC = European Commission EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty ECETOC = European Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicolo-

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		gy Of Chemica	le
		0,	ean Chemicals Agency
			European Inventory of Existing Commercial
		Chemical Subs	
		EL50 = Effectiv	
			ese Existing and New Chemical Substances
		Inventory	
			an Waste Code
		•	y Harmonised System of Classification and
		Labelling of Ch	
			tional Agency for Research on Cancer
			tional Air Transport Association
			ry Concentration fifty
		IL50 = Inhibitor	
			ational Maritime Dangerous Goods
			Chemicals Inventory
			ite of Petroleum test method N° 346 for the
			of polycyclic aromatics DMSO-extractables
			Existing Chemicals Inventory
			Concentration fifty
			Dose fifty per cent.
			hal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loadin
		LL50 = Lethal I	
			ernational Convention for the Prevention of
		Pollution From	
			No Observed Effect Concentration / No Ob-
		served Effect L	
			cupational Exposure - High Production Volum
			ent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
			pine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical
		Substances	
		PNEC = Predic	ted No Effect Concentration
		REACH = Regi	istration Evaluation And Authorisation Of
		Chemicals	
		RID = Regulati	ons Relating to International Carriage of Dan-
		gerous Goods	
			Skin Designation
			erm exposure limit
			d Risk Assessment
			xic Substances Control Act
		TWA = Time-W	/eighted Average
			ersistent and very Bioaccumulative
Aver	tical bar (I) in the left	margin indicatos an am	endment from the previous version.
A ver		margin indicates all all	
0.0.0	oo of koy data yood t	a . The survey of sheet	to are from but not limited to ano ar more

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	:	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

US / EN