# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



SermeTel 1072

Section	1.	Identification

GHS product identifier	\$	SermeTel 1072
Product code	:	SermeTel 1072
Other means of identification	:	ST1072-BK
Product type	:	Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Not applicable.	

Supplier's details	: Praxair Surface Technologies, Inc. 1555 Main Street Indianapolis, IN 46224 USA 317-240-2650
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: 317-240-2332 7:00am - 3:30pm ET Mon-Fri Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300

## Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary statement	<u>s</u>
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep container tightly closed. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture Other means of identification

: Substance : ST1072-BK

#### CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not available.
Product code	: SermeTel 1072

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
SermeTel 1072	100	-
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	50 - 70	872-50-4
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	10 - 30	7429-90-5
Polymer resin mixture	10 - 30	-
ethyl acetate	2 - 10	141-78-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptom	s/effects, acute and delayed	
Potential acute health e	ffects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		

# Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.</li> <li>The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	L	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.
Conditions for safe storage	:	Store at 35°-45° F or (2°-7°C)
		Shelf Life is six (6) months from manufacturing date

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

# Control parameters

**Occupational exposure limits** 

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
SermeTel 1072 N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	None. OARS WEEL (United States, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 15 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 120 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 60 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	<ul> <li>TWA: 60 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</li> <li>TWA: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Al) 8 hours. Form: Dust TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Al) 8 hours. Form:</li> <li>Pyrophoric</li> <li>TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Al) 8 hours. Form:</li> <li>Respirable fraction</li> <li>TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Al) 8 hours. Form:</li> <li>Welding fume</li> <li>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).</li> <li>TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction</li> <li>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).</li> <li>TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction</li> <li>TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Total</li> <li>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</li> <li>TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Al) 8 hours. Form:</li> </ul>
Polymer resin mixture ethyl acetate	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1440 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls		Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Gray.
Odor	: Amine-like.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: 77°C (170.6°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 7.2°C (45°F)
Evaporation rate	: <1 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: 7.1 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: Not available.
Solubility	: Not available.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.
VOC content	: 6.68 lbs/gal (800 g/l)

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3914 mg/kg	-
ethyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-

#### **Sensitization**

Acute toxicity

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Not available.

NUL avaliable.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

#### Information on the likely : Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.

#### routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to t	he physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	: No specific data.	
Skin contact	: No specific data.	
Ingestion	: No specific data.	

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure					
<u>Short term exposure</u>					
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.			
Long term exposure					
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.			
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>S</u>			
Not available.					
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
<b>Developmental effects</b>	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates		
Route	ATE value	
Oral	4305.4 mg/kg	

# Section 12. Ecological information

Т	οχ	icity	
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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	Acute LC50 1.23 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
5 15	Acute LC50 832 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
Aluminium powder (stabilized)	Acute LC50 38000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Acute LC50 120 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Embryo	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 9 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Ceratophyllum demersum	3 days
ethyl acetate	Acute EC50 2500000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 750000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
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### Section 12. Ecological information

Acute LC50 154000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 212500 µg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 2.4 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 75.6 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata Fish - Heteropneustes fossilis Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	48 hours 96 hours 21 days 32 days
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#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	-0.46	-	low
ethyl acetate	0.68	30	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

#### United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS #		Reference number
Ethyl acetate (I)	141-78-6	Listed	U112

### Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint	Paint	Paint	Paint
Date of issue/Date of	revision : 7/19/	2022		SermeTel 107	2	

## Section 14. Transport information

-			1			
Transport hazard class(es)	3		3	3		3
Packing group	11	11	11	11		11
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	No.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Additional information		Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.		Special provisions 640 (C) Tunnel code (D/E)	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

# Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	<ul> <li>TSCA 5(a)2 proposed significant new use rules: N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone</li> <li>TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined</li> <li>TSCA 12(b) one-time export: N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone</li> <li>United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.</li> </ul>
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed

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# Section 15. Regulatory information

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed
SARA 302/304	

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

No products were found.

**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312 **Classification** 

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
SermeTel 1072	100	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	-	-	-	-
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	50 - 70	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	-	-	-	-
ethyl acetate	2 - 10	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	-	-	-	-

#### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements			50 - 70 10 - 30
Supplier notification			50 - 70 10 - 30

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### **State regulations**

Date of issue/Date of revision	ETHYL ACETATE : 7/19/2022	SermeTel 1072	
New Jersey	<b>0</b> 1	ents are listed: 1-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDONE; ALUM	IINUM;
New York	: The following component	ents are listed: Ethyl acetate	
Massachusetts	: The following compone ETHYL ACETATE	ents are listed: 1-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDONE; ALUM	/INUM;

# Section 15. Regulatory information

#### Pennsylvania

: The following components are listed: 2-PYRROLIDINONE, 1-METHYL-; ACETIC ACID ETHYL ESTER

#### California Prop. 65

**WARNING**: This product can expose you to N-methylpyrrolidone, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	Cancer	•		Maximum acceptable dosage level
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	No.	Yes.	-	Yes.

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

### International lists

National inventory	
Australia	: Not determined.
Canada	: Not determined.
China	: Not determined.
Europe	: Not determined.
Japan	: Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined
New Zealand	: Not determined.
Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.
Taiwan	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.

# Section 16. Other information

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification	
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A		On basis of test data Calculation method	
History			
Date of printing	: 7/19/2022		
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# Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.