

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Alumigrip BC Activator A4965

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier Other means of identification	 Alumigrip BC Activator A4965 A4965_ALUMIGRIP BASE COAT/LOW TEMP FAST STRIPE-RPR
Relevant identified uses of the	substance or mixture and uses advised against : FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY
Supplier/Manufacturer	: Akzo Nobel Coatings, Inc. 1 East Water Street Waukegan, IL 60085 USA Tel. 1 847 623 4200 Email: customer. service@akzonobel.com
Canadian Supplier	 Akzo Nobel Coatings Ltd. 110 Woodbine Downs Blvd. Unit #4 Etobicoke, Ontario Canada M9W 5S6 +1 (800) 618-1010
Emergency telephone number	: CHEMTREC +1 (800) 424-9300 (Inside the US) CHEMTREC International +1 (703) 527-3887 (Outside the US, collect calls accepted)
Date of issue / Date of revision Safety Data Sheet Version Date of printing	 15 May 2023 5.02 15 May 2023

Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc. encourages and expects you to read and understand this entire MSDS, as there is important information throughout the document. Further, Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc. expects you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

To promote safe handling, each customer or recipient should: 1) Notify its employees, agents, contractors, and others whom it knows or believes will use this material of the information contained in this MSDS and any other information regarding hazards and safety; 2) Furnish this same information to each of its customers for the product; 3) Request its customers to notify their employees, customers, and other users of the product of this information; and 4) Notify its employees, agents, contractors, and others that the precautions identified for this product and any other products with which mixtures may be created are transferable and cumulative to the mixture.

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

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Section 2. Hazards identification		
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms		
Signal word Hazard statements	 Warning Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. 	
Precautionary statements	2	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Keep container tightly closed. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.	
Response	: IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.	
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.	
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.	

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
	65 - 70 30 - 35 1 - 5	110-43-0 123-54-6 77-58-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion :	Harmful if swallowed.
Over-exposure signs/symptor	<u>ns</u>
Eye contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation :	No specific data.
Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion :	No specific data.
Indication of immediate medica	al attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

	Exting	quishing	media
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Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up	
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and	

explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well- ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
heptan-2-one	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).
	TWA: 233 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 465 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 465 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
pentane-2,4-dione	(United States, 3/2018). Absorbed through

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	skin.		
dibutyltin dilaurate	TWA: ACGIH Absort STEL TWA: NIOSH Absort TWA: OSHA	25 ppm 8 hours. TLV (United States, 3/2017). bed through skin. : 0.2 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 15 minutes. 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 8 hours. REL (United States, 10/2016). bed through skin. 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 10 hours. PEL (United States, 6/2016). 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 8 hours.	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use proces or other engineering controls to keep worker exp any recommended or statutory limits. The engir vapor or dust concentrations below any lower exp	posure to airborne contaminants below neering controls also need to keep gas	
invironmental exposure controls	ventilation equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment		
	will be necessary to reduce emissions to accept	adie levels.	
ndividual protection measu	ires		
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the Appropriate techniques should be used to remo		
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying worn at all times when handling chemical product necessary. Considering the parameters specific during use that the gloves are still retaining their noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, con- protection time of the gloves cannot be accurate	cts if a risk assessment indicates this i ed by the glove manufacturer, check protective properties. It should be e material may be different for different onsisting of several substances, the	
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body show performed and the risks involved and should be handling this product. When there is a risk of ig static protective clothing. For the greatest prote should include anti-static overalls, boots and glob	approved by a specialist before nition from static electricity, wear anti- ction from static discharges, clothing	
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin pro based on the task being performed and the risks specialist before handling this product.		

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the
Respiratory protection	. Based on the nazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the
	appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a
	respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important
	aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color	:	Colorless.
Odor	:	Solvent.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting/freezing point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	140°C (284°F)
boiling range	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 34°C (93.2°F)
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	plo	osive limits
		Not determined.
Lower:	:	Not determined.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	0.86
Density	:	7.19 lbs/gal 0.861 g/cm ³
Solubility	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): 0.46 cm²/s (46 cSt) Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 0 cm²/s (0 cSt)
Weight Volatiles	:	98.95% (w/w)
Volume Volatiles		99.16 %(v/v)
Weight Solids	:	1.05 %(w/w)
Volume Solids	:	0.84 %(v/v)
Regulatory VOC	:	7.1 lbs/gal 852 g/l minus water and exempt solvents
VOC Actual	:	7.1 lbs/gal 852 g/l
		0 0

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity			
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.		
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.		
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.		
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials		
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.		

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
heptan-2-one	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-
pentane-2,4-dione	LD50 Oral	Rat	570 mg/kg	-
dibutyltin dilaurate	LD50 Oral	Rat	175 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
heptan-2-one	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14 milligrams	-
pentane-2,4-dione	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	488 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	6 hours 11.2 Mililiters Intermittent	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	48 hours 11. 2 Mililiters Intermittent	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	6 hours 33.6 Mililiters Intermittent	-
dibutyltin dilaurate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-

Sensitization

Not available.

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Section 11. Toxico	ological information
Mutagenicity	
Not available.	
Carcinogenicity	
Not available.	
Reproductive toxicity	
Not available.	
Teratogenicity	
Not available.	
Specific target organ toxicit	t <u>y (single exposure)</u>
Not available.	
Specific target organ toxicit	ty (repeated exposure)
Not available.	
Aspiration hazard	
Not available.	
Information on the likely	: Not available.
routes of exposure	
Potential acute health effects	-
Eye contact Inhalation	Causes serious eye irritation.No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.
Symptoms related to the phy	sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	pain or irritation watering
	redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	irritation redness

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

: No specific data.

<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		

Ingestion

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Section 11. Toxicological information					
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.				
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.				
Potential chronic health eff	ects				
Not available.					
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards	5.			
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards	5.			
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards	5.			
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards	5 .			
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards	5.			
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards	5.			

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	963.3 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
heptan-2-one	Acute LC50 131000 to 137000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
pentane-2,4-dione	Acute EC50 75000 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia reticulata - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 47600 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 60100 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
dibutyltin dilaurate	Chronic EC10 >2 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
heptan-2-one	2.26	-	low
pentane-2,4-dione	0.68	-	low
dibutyltin dilaurate	4.44	2.91	low

Mobility in soil

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Section 12. Ecological information : Not available. Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Section 13. Disposal considerations **Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Please Note: The information provided in section 14 is based on a bulk package shipment via ground transport in North America. All shippers are responsible for ensuring the proper transportation classification and package/container requirements are followed for the relevant mode of transport.

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1992	UN1992	UN1992	UN1992	UN1992
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (heptan-2-one, dibutyltin dilaurate)				
Transport hazard class(es)	3 (6.1)	3 (6.1)	3 (6.1)	3 (6.1)	3 (6.1)

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Section 14. Transport information Image: colspan="3">Image: colspan="3" Co

U.S. Federal regulations

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

SARA 311/312

Classification

: Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard

California Prop. 65

Based on available information, no listed components are known to be present.

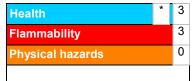
International lists	
National inventory	
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: All components are listed or exempted.
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): At least one component is not listed.
Malaysia	: At least one component is not listed.
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Turkey	: All components are listed or exempted.

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Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

History

Date of issue/Date of revision Version MSDS #	:	15 May 2023 5.02 018538	0002
Key to abbreviations	:	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 193 modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations 	

Notice to reader

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Section 16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.