

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Aerodur 3001 Base Coat Cool Weather A9004

Section 1. Identification GHS product identifier : Aerodur 3001 Base Coat Cool Weather A9004

GHS product identifier SDS code

: 004386

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

	Identified uses
Industrial use	
	Uses advised against
Consumer use	
Manufacturer	 Akzo Nobel Coatings, Inc. 1 East Water Street Waukegan, IL 60085 USA Tel. 1 847 623 4200 Email: customer.service@akzonobel.com Akzo Nobel Coatings Ltd. 110 Woodbine Downs Blvd. Unit #4 Etobicoke, Ontario Canada M9W 5S6 +1 (800) 618-1010
Importer	 Cía. Mexicana de Pinturas International S.A. de C.V., Carretera Anillo Periférico, No Ext 205, No Interior A, Colonia HDA S JOSE, Garcia, Garcia, CP 66000, Nuevo Leon. RFC: ANA9510267C4
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC +1 (800) 424-9300 (Inside the US) CHEMTREC International +1 (703) 527-3887 (Outside the US, collect calls accepted)
Section 2. Hazar	ds identification
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

Date of previous issue	: 1/19/2023	1/15	AkzoNobel
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1/19/2023	Version : 1.03	
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Cate ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Ca ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation SKIN IRRITATION - Category EYE IRRITATION - Category SKIN SENSITIZATION - Cate GERM CELL MUTAGENICIT TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN	ategory 4 n) - Category 4 y 2 2A egory 1 Y - Category 2	
	(29 CFR 1910.1200).		

Section 2. Hazards identification

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Suspected of causing genetic defects. Causes damage to organs. (thymus) May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	≥25 - ≤50	763-69-9
pentane-2,4-dione	≥25 - ≤39	123-54-6
heptan-2-one	≥25 - ≤33	110-43-0
dibutyltin dilaurate	<3	77-58-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	- Causes serious eye irritation.
-	-
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	oms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	Evacuate surrounding entering. Do not touc No flares, smoking or adequate ventilation.	en involving any personal risk or without g areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotec h or walk through spilled material. Shut of flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing Wear appropriate respirator when ventile nal protective equipment.	cted personnel from off all ignition sources. vapor or mist. Provide
For emergency responders		is required to deal with the spillage, take and unsuitable materials. See also the ir ".	
Environmental precautions		lled material and runoff and contact with a ne relevant authorities if the product has erways, soil or air).	
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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits		
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate None. pentane-2,4-dione ACGIH TLV (United States Absorbed through skin. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States		in. 5.		
heptan-2-one ACGIH TLV (United States, TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 233 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States)		S. Durs.		
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Section 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

Section 8. Expos	sure controls/personal protection
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 465 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 465 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 465 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
dibutyltin dilaurate	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin. Notes: measured as Sn TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (measured as Sn) 8 hours. Form: Organic ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). Absorbed through skin. Notes: as Sn STEL: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Sn) 15 minutes. TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). Absorbed through skin. Notes: as Sn TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). Notes: as Sn TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours.
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	Sures
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
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Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

3	specialist before handling this product.
a	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color		Colorless.
Odor		
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting/freezing point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	140°C (284°F)
boiling range	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 34°C (93.2°F)
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or exp		
••		Not determined.
	:	Not determined.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density		Not available.
Relative density		0.918
Density	:	7.66 lbs/gal 0.918 g/cm ³
Solubility	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): 0.44 cm²/s (44 cSt)
Weight Volatiles	:	98.67% (w/w)
Volume Volatiles	:	98.81 %(v/v)
Weight Solids	:	1.33 %(w/w)
Volume Solids	:	1.19 %(v/v)
Regulatory VOC	:	7.6 lbs/gal 906 g/l minus water and exempt solvents
VOC Actual	:	7.6 lbs/gal 906 g/l

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

: 1/19/2023

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Reactivity	: No specific test data rela	ted to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions	of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10 mL/kg	-
5 5. 1	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3200 mg/kg	-
pentane-2,4-dione	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	5.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	570 mg/kg	-
heptan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12600 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	730 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1670 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-
dibutyltin dilaurate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Mouse	150 mg/m³	2 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	180 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	33 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	210 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	175 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
pentane-2,4-dione	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	488 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	6 hours 11.2 MI I	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	48 hours 11.2 MI I	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	6 hours 33.6 MI I	-
heptan-2-one	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14	-
dibutyltin dilaurate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 500 mg	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.



Section 11. Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
heptan-2-one dibutyltin dilaurate	0,	Not applicable. Not determined	Narcotic effects thymus

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
dibutyltin dilaurate	Category 1	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

:	Not available.
:	Causes serious eye irritation.
:	Harmful if inhaled. Can cause centra
	:

Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact Inhalation	 Adverse symptoms may inclupain or irritation watering redness Adverse symptoms may inclunausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations 	-
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may inclu irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	ide the following:
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may inclu reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	ide the following:
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: Suspected of causing genetic defects.
Teratogenicity	: May damage the unborn child.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: May damage fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	962.3 mg/kg
Dermal	2604 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	13.39 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
pentane-2,4-dione	Acute EC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia reticulata - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute EC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute EC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 35400 ul/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 47600 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 74300 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 66900 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 60100 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 71600 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 71700 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
neptan-2-one	Acute LC50 131000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

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Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate pentane-2,4-dione heptan-2-one dibutyltin dilaurate	1.47 0.68 2.26 4.44	- - - 2.91	low low low low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal
of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the
requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any
regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products
via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to
the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered
when recycling is not feasible. This material and its containers that have not been
cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues.
Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere
inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been
cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact
with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

The information provided in section 14 is based on a bulk package shipment via ground transport in North America. All shippers are responsible for ensuring the proper transportation classification and package/container requirements are followed for the relevant mode of transport.

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1992	UN1992	UN1992	UN1992	UN1992
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N. O.S. (ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate, pentane-2,4-dione)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N. O.S. (ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate, pentane-2,4-dione)	O.S. (ethyl	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate, pentane-2,4-dione)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate, pentane-2,4-dione)
Transport hazard class(es)	3 (6.1)	3 (6.1)	3 (6.1)	3 (6.1)	3 (6.1)
Packing group	Ш	111	Ш	Ш	111
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional inform	ation				
TDG Classificati			ne following sections 2.19 (Class 3), 2.26-2		of Dangerous
IMDG	: <u>Emer</u>	gency schedules F-	E, S-D		

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Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according	:	Not available.
to Annex II of MARPOL and		
the IBC Code		

Section 15. Regulatory information **U.S. Federal regulations** : TSCA 5(a)2 final significant new use rules: pentane-2,4-dione TSCA 5(e) substance consent order: No products found. TSCA 8(a) PAIR: pentane-2,4-dione TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined TSCA 12(b) one-time export: pentane-2,4-dione United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted. **Clean Air Act Section 112** : Not listed (b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)** Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed **Class I Substances Clean Air Act Section 602** : Not listed **Class II Substances DEA List I Chemicals** : Not listed (Precursor Chemicals) **DEA List II Chemicals** : Not listed (Essential Chemicals) SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

			SARA 302 TPQ SARA 304 RQ		RQ	
Name	%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
No products were found.						

SARA 311/312

Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 1B
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (thymus) - Category 1
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -
	Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

Composition/information on ingredients

Section 15. Regulatory information

Name	%	Classification
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	≥25 - ≤50	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
pentane-2,4-dione	≥25 - ≤39	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3
heptan-2-one	≥25 - ≤33	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
dibutyltin dilaurate	<3	SKIN CORROSION - Category 1C
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
		GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 1B
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(thymus) - Category 1
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 1

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	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	No products were found.		
Supplier notification	No products were found.		
State regulations			
Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: 2,4- KETONE	PENTANEDIONE; METH	YL (N-AMYL)
New York	: None of the components are listed.		
New Jersey	 The following components are listed: PENTANE-2,4-DIONE; 2,4-PENTANEDIONE; METHYL n-AMYL KETONE; 2-HEPTANONE 		
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: 2,4-PENTANEDIONE; 2-HEPTANONE		
<u>California Prop. 65</u>			
Inventory list			
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.		
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.		
China	: All components are listed or exempted.		
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.		
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): All componen Japan inventory (ISHL): All components		
Malaysia	: At least one component is not listed.		
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.		
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.		
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.		
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.		
Thailand	: At least one component is not listed.		
Turkey	: All components are listed or exempted.		
Viet Nam	: All components are listed or exempted.		

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification	
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Cat	egory 3	On basis of test data	
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4		Calculation method	
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation	n) - Category 4	Calculation method	
SKIN IRRITATION - Categor	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2		
EYE IRRITATION - Category	2A	Calculation method	
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Cate		Calculation method	
GERM CELL MUTAGENICIT		Calculation method	
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION		Calculation method	
	N (Unborn child) - Category 1B	Calculation method	
	TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (thymus) - Category 1	Calculation method	
	TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -	Calculation method	
Category 3			
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN	TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1	Calculation method	
<u>History</u>			
Date of printing	: 19 January 2023		
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 19 January 2023		
Date of previous issue	: 19 January 2023		
Version	: 1.03		
Key to abbreviations	abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)		

UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. Any person using this product must determine for themselves, by preliminary tests or otherwise, the suitability of this product for their purposes. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Safety Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. The application, use and processing of

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1/19/2023	Version : 1.03
Date of previous issue	: 1/19/2023	14/15



Section 16. Other information

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Date of issue/Date of revision Date of previous issue

