### SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 6 June 2021

Version 11

### **Section 1. Identification**

Product name : CA 9311/F35237 BASE COMPONENT

Product code : 931135237X01

Other means of : Not available.
identification

Product type : Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Industrial applications.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Coating.

Uses advised against : Not applicable.

**Manufacturer** : PPG Aerospace PRC-DeSoto

12780 San Fernando Road

Sylmar, CA 91342 Phone: 818 362 6711

**Emergency telephone** 

number

: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) 01-800-00-21-400 (Mexico)

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

Classification of the substance or mixture

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 12.8%

(oral), 27.4% (dermal), 39.2% (inhalation)

United States Page: 1/19

### Section 2. Hazards identification

This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many PPG products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).

### **GHS label elements**

Hazard pictograms







#### Signal word

**Hazard statements** 

: Warning

: Fammable liquid and vapor.

Harmful if swallowed.

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Suspected of causing cancer.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure, (hearing organs)

#### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** 

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.

#### Response

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

#### **Storage**

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.

#### **Disposal**

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

# Supplemental label elements

: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

United States Page: 2/19

Product name CA 9311/F35237 BASE COMPONENT

#### Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise classified

: May form explosive peroxides. Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Product name : CA 9311/F35237 BASE COMPONENT

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
butanone	≥10 - ≤20	78-93-3
1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, polymer with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol, 1,2-ethanediol, hexanedioic acid and 1,6-hexanediol	≥10 - ≤20	69929-19-7
heptan-2-one	≥10 - ≤13	110-43-0
barium sulfate	≥5.0 - ≤10	7727-43-7
Ethene, ethoxy-, polymer with chlorotrifluoroethene, 4-(ethenyloxy)-1-butanol and (ethenyloxy)cyclohexane	≥5.0 - ≤10	88795-12-4
titanium dioxide	≥5.0 - ≤10	13463-67-7
pentane-2,4-dione	≥1.0 - ≤4.9	123-54-6
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	108-65-6
xylene	≥0.10 - ≤2.7	1330-20-7
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	763-69-9
ethylbenzene	≥0.10 - ≤2.2	100-41-4
Acetic acid, C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich	≥1.0 - ≤3.1	108419-33-6
carbon black	≤1.0	1333-86-4

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

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Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep

: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

United States Page: 3/19

#### Product name CA 9311/F35237 BASE COMPONENT

#### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

: Zan cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or Inhalation

dizziness.

**Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatique dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness dryness cracking

Ingestion No specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

> suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

**United States** Page: 4/19 Product code 931135237X01

Date of issue 6 June 2021

Version 11

Product name CA 9311/F35237 BASE COMPONENT

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

# Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides

sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

The fluoropolymer resins used in this coating begin to decompose, very slowly, at temperatures above 625°F (330°C). Thermal decomposition is more rapid at temperatures above 750°F (400°C). Above 800°F (425°C) fluoropolymer resins give off small amounts of tetrafluoroethylene / hexafluoropropylene / perisofluorobutylene / carbonyl fluoride / hydrogen fluoride. These are toxic and if inhaled, in sufficient quantities, may be harmful. The actual decomposition products depend on temperature and the amount of oxygen.

# Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

# Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

#### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

#### For emergency responders:

: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

United States Page: 5/19

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### Special precautions

: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. May form explosive peroxides. Keep away from combustible materials. Avoid shock and friction. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities

Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
utanone	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
	STEL: 885 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 590 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	United States Page: 6/19

Product code 931135237X01

Date of issue 6 June 2021

Version 11

Product name CA 9311/F35237 BASE COMPONENT

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, polymer with 2,2-dimethyl-

1.3-propanediol, 1.2-ethanediol, hexanedioic acid and 1.6-hexanediol

heptan-2-one

barium sulfate

Ethene, ethoxy-, polymer with chlorotrifluoroethene, 4-(ethenyloxy) -1-butanol and (ethenyloxy)cyclohexane

titanium dioxide

pentane-2,4-dione

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

xylene

ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate

ethylbenzene

Acetic acid, C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich carbon black

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).

TWA: 233 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 465 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable

fraction

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable

TWA: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust

None.

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).

TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).

Absorbed through skin. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.

IPEL (-, 10/2017). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 30 ppm STEL: 90 ppm

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).

STEL: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

**IPEL** (-). TWA: 50 ppm STEL: 100 ppm

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

None.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).

TWA: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable

fraction

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

TWA: 3.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

Key to abbreviations

= Acceptable Maximum Peak ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

S = Potential skin absorption SR = Respiratory sensitization

Page: 7/19

**United States** 

#### Product name CA 9311/F35237 BASE COMPONENT

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

= Ceiling Limit = Skin sensitization

F = Fume STEL = Short term Exposure limit values **IPEL** = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit TD = Total dust

**OSHA** = Occupational Safety and Health Administration. TLV = Threshold Limit Value R = Respirable TWA = Time Weighted Average

= OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances

#### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

# procedures

**Recommended monitoring**: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### Eye/face protection Skin protection

: Chemical splash goggles.

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

#### **Gloves**

: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

May be used: nitrile rubber, Chloroprene Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®, butyl rubber, neoprene, natural rubber (latex)

#### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

> **United States** Page: 8/19

Product name CA 9311/F35237 BASE COMPONENT

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the

hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

The respiratory protection shall be in accordance to 29 CFR 1910.134.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Gray.

Odor: Not available.Odor threshold: Not available.pH: Not applicable.Melting point: Not available.

**Boiling point** : >37.78°C (>100°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 26.67°C (80°F)

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Vapor pressure : Not available.

Vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : 1.2

Density ( lbs / gal ) : 10.01

**Solubility** : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)

**VOC** : 487 g/l % **Solid.** (w/w) : 58.85

United States Page: 9/19

Product name CA 9311/F35237 BASE COMPONENT

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** 

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** 

: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Incompatible materials

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

The fluoropolymer resins used in this coating begin to decompose, very slowly, at temperatures above 625°F (330°C). Thermal decomposition is more rapid at temperatures above 750°F (400°C). Above 800°F (425°C) fluoropolymer resins give off small amounts of tetrafluoroethylene / hexafluoropropylene / perisofluorobutylene / carbonyl fluoride / hydrogen fluoride. These are toxic and if inhaled, in sufficient quantities, may be harmful. The actual decomposition products depend on temperature and the amount of oxygen. Proper ventilation should be used at all curing temperatures.

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
<b>b</b> utanone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-
heptan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16.7 mg/l	4 hours
•	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10.206 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.6 g/kg	-
barium sulfate	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
pentane-2,4-dione	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	5.1 mg/l	4 hours
•	LD50 Dermal	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	570 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	30 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6190 mg/kg	_
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	_
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	_
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-

United States Page: 10/19

Product code 931135237X01

Date of issue 6 June 2021

Version 11

#### Product name CA 9311/F35237 BASE COMPONENT

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

	LD50 Oral	Rat	3200 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
•	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
Acetic acid, C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	>2000 mg/kg	-
carbon black	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
<b>x</b> ylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin
 Eyes
 There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 Respiratory
 There are no data available on the mixture itself.
 There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitization** 

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Acetic acid, C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich	OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Positive

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Classification** 

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-
xylene	-	3	-
ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
carbon black	-	2B	-

#### Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: 1

Not listed/not regulated: -

#### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

United States Page: 11/19

#### Product name CA 9311/F35237 BASE COMPONENT

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
butanone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
heptan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Ethene, ethoxy-, polymer with chlorotrifluoroethene, 4- (ethenyloxy)-1-butanol and (ethenyloxy)cyclohexane	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Acetic acid, C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

#### Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: mucous membranes, brain, .

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, peripheral nervous system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), ears, eye, lens or cornea.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. Defatting to the skin.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

United States Page: 12/19

#### Product name CA 9311/F35237 BASE COMPONENT

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness drvness cracking

Ingestion No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many PPG products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatique, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Short term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

Potential delayed effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential chronic health effects

: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or General

repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Numerical measures of toxicity** 

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

**United States** Page: 13/19

#### Product name CA 9311/F35237 BASE COMPONENT

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
<b>♥</b> A 9311/F35237 BASE COMPONENT	1925	7988.2	N/A	39.2	6.2
butanone	2737	6480	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, polymer with	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol, 1,2-ethanediol,					
hexanedioic acid and 1,6-hexanediol					
heptan-2-one	1600	10206	N/A	16.7	1.5
barium sulfate	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
pentane-2,4-dione	570	790	N/A	5.1	N/A
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	6190	N/A	N/A	30	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	3200	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
Acetic acid, C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
meptan-2-one titanium dioxide 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute LC50 131 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 134 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Acute LC50 60.9 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
peptan-2-one 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate		69 % - Readily - 28 days 83 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
reptan-2-one	-	-	Readily
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	-	-	Readily
acetate			_
xylene	-	-	Readily
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	-	-	Readily
ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

United States F	Page: 14/19
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#### Product name CA 9311/F35237 BASE COMPONENT

### Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
butanone heptan-2-one pentane-2,4-dione 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.3 2.26 0.68 1.2	- - -	low low low
xylene ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate ethylbenzene	3.12 1.47 3.6	7.4 to 18.5 - 79.43	low low low

**Mobility in soil** 

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)

: Not available.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

### 14. Transport information

	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

United States Page: 15/19

#### Product name CA 9311/F35237 BASE COMPONENT

### 14. Transport information

Product RQ (lbs)	<b>4</b> 507.4	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
RQ substances	(xylene, butanone)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

#### Additional information

DOT : Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the

RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

: None identified. **IMDG IATA** : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

### **Section 15. Regulatory information**

#### **United States**

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are active or exempted.

United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification:

pentane-2.4-dione One time notification

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules:

pentane-2,4-dione Listed

**SARA 302/304** 

**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable. Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

> ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A **CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2**

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

HNOC - Defatting irritant

HNOC - May form explosive peroxides.

**Composition/information on ingredients** 

**United States** Page: 16/19

# Section 15. Regulatory information

Name	%	Classification
butanone	≥10 - ≤20	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 HNOC - Defatting irritant
1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, polymer with 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol, 1,2-ethanediol, hexanedioic acid and 1,6-hexanediol	≥10 - ≤20	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
heptan-2-one	≥10 - ≤13	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 HNOC - Defatting irritant
Ethene, ethoxy-, polymer with chlorotrifluoroethene, 4- (ethenyloxy)-1-butanol and (ethenyloxy)cyclohexane	≥5.0 - ≤10	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
titanium dioxide pentane-2,4-dione	≥5.0 - ≤10 ≥1.0 - ≤4.9	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
xylene	≥0.10 - ≤2.7	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 HNOC - Defatting irritant HNOC - May form explosive peroxides.
ethylbenzene	≥0.10 - ≤2.2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 HNOC - Defatting irritant
Acetic acid, C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich	≥1.0 - ≤3.1	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

United States Page: 17/19

Product name CA 9311/F35237 BASE COMPONENT

### Section 15. Regulatory information

(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

carbon black
≤1.0
COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

**SARA 313** 

<u>Chemical name</u> <u>CAS number</u> <u>Concentration</u>

Supplier notification : xylene 1330-20-7 1 - 5

ethylbenzene 100-41-4 1 - 5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

California Prop. 65

MARNING: Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

#### **Section 16. Other information**

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)** 

Health: 2 \* Flammability: 3 Physical hazards: 0

(\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

Date of previous issue : 7/26/2020

Organization that prepared : EHS

the SDS

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Disclaimer** 

United States	Page: 18/19

Product name CA 9311/F35237 BASE COMPONENT

### **Section 16. Other information**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

United States Page: 19/19

### SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 22 March 2022

**Version 5** 

### **Section 1. Identification**

Product name : CA9300B CURING SOLUTION
Product code : CA9300B CURING SOLUTION

Other means of identification

: Not available.

Product type

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Industrial applications.

Use of the substance/

mixture

: Hardener.

: Liquid.

Uses advised against : Not applicable.

**Manufacturer** : PPG Aerospace PRC-DeSoto

12780 San Fernando Road

Sylmar, CA 91342 Phone: 818 362 6711

**Emergency telephone** 

number

: (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada)

01-800-00-21-400 (Mexico)

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS status** 

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 1.3%

(dermal), 2.3% (inhalation)

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

United States Page: 1/16

Product code CA9300B CURING SOLUTION

Date of issue 22 March 2022 Version 5

### Product name CA9300B CURING SOLUTION

Section 2. Hazards identification

### **Hazard statements**

: Flammable liquid and vapor.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Harmful if inhaled.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

May cause respiratory irritation.

#### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** 

: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

#### Response

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

#### Storage

Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep

#### **Disposal**

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

#### Supplemental label elements

: Moisture-sensitive material. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Skin contact to isocyanate monomer may lead to allergic lung reaction. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

#### **Hazards not otherwise** classified

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

**Product name** 

: CA9300B CURING SOLUTION

**United States** Page: 2/16 Product code CA9300B CURING SOLUTION Date of issue 22 March 2022 Version 5

**Product name CA9300B CURING SOLUTION** 

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
₩examethylene diisocyanate, oligomers.	≥75 - ≤90	28182-81-2
heptan-2-one	≥5.0 - ≤10	110-43-0
n-butyl acetate	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	123-86-4
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	≥0.10 - ≤2.7	64742-95-6
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	≤1.6	95-63-6
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	<1.0	822-06-0

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact**: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids

apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

**Inhalation**: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained

personnel.

Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma

symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin contact : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin

reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : No specific data.

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

United States Page: 3/16

Product code CA9300B CURING SOLUTION

**Product name CA9300B CURING SOLUTION** 

Date of issue 22 March 2022 Version 5

#### Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness dryness cracking

Ingestion No specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or

self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon oxides nitrogen oxides

: Do not use water jet.

Cyanate and isocyanate. hydrogen cyanide

**Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

> **United States** Page: 4/16

Product code CA9300B CURING SOLUTION

Date of issue 22 March 2022

Version 5

**Product name CA9300B CURING SOLUTION** 

#### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

**Special provisions** 

: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

United States Page: 5/16

### Product name CA9300B CURING SOLUTION

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat. sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### **Special precautions**

: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities

Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Precautions should be taken to minimize exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO<sub>2</sub> will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurization.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits		
Kexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers.	IPEL (-).		
, , , ,	TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
	STEL: 1 mg/m³		
heptan-2-one	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).		
•	TWA: 233 mg/m³ 8 hours.		
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.		
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).		
	TWA: 465 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.		
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.		
n-butyl acetate	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).		
	United States Page: 6/16		

Product code CA9300B CURING SOLUTION Product name CA9300B CURING SOLUTION

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

Date of issue 22 March 2022

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA: 710 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).

Version 5

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

None.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).

TWA: 123 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).

TWA: 0.03 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as CN) 8 hours.

Key to abbreviations

= Acceptable Maximum Peak Α

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

С = Ceiling Limit F = Fume

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

hexamethylene-di-isocyanate

IPEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit

= Occupational Safety and Health Administration. OSHA

= Respirable R

= OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances

S = Potential skin absorption

> SR = Respiratory sensitization SS = Skin sensitization

STEL = Short term Exposure limit values

TD = Total dust

TLV = Threshold Limit Value TWA = Time Weighted Average

#### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

procedures

**Recommended monitoring**: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** Skin protection

: Safety glasses with side shields.

**United States** Page: 7/16 Product code CA9300B CURING SOLUTION

Date of issue 22 March 2022 Product name CA9300B CURING SOLUTION

**Version 5** 

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Gloves

butyl rubber

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Use an air-fed respirator unless a site-specific assessment determines that an air-fed respirator is not necessary, in which case the results of the risk assessment should be utilized to determine whether respiratory protection is necessary and what type of protection is appropriate. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

The respiratory protection shall be in accordance to 29 CFR 1910.134.

Restrictions on use

Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Liquid. Color : Clear.

: Not available. Odor : Not available. **Odor threshold** pH : Not applicable. **Melting point** : Not available.

: 126.11 to 148.89°C (259 to 300°F) **Boiling point** 

Closed cup: 38°C (100.4°F) Flash point

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available. Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

**Evaporation rate** : Not available. Vapor pressure : Not available. Vapor density : Not available.

**Relative density** : 1.09 Density (lbs/gal) 9.1

> **United States** Page: 8/16

Product code CA9300B CURING SOLUTION Date of issue 22 March 2022 Version 5

**Product name CA9300B CURING SOLUTION** 

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Solubility** : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

**Viscosity** 

: Not applicable.

: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (>21 cSt)

**VOC** : 206 g/l **% Solid. (w/w)** : 81

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Incompatible materials : Keep away from: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water.

Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials:

Cyanate and isocyanate. carbon oxides nitrogen oxides hydrogen cyanide

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
✓examethylene diisocyanate, oligomers.	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	>2500 mg/kg	-
heptan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10.206 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.6 g/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m³	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	124 mg/m³	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	151 mg/m³	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	22 ppm	4 hours

United States Page: 9/16

Product code CA9300B CURING SOLUTION

Product name CA9300B CURING SOLUTION

Section 11 Toxicological information

### Section 11. Toxicological information

| LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 0.57 g/kg | - | LD50 Oral | Rat | 0.71 g/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Eyes: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Sensitization** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin: There are no data available on the mixture itself.Respiratory: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
examethylene diisocyanate, oligomers.	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
heptan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

<u>Target organs</u>: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous

system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, lungs, peripheral nervous system, upper respiratory tract, skin, eye, lens or cornea.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

United Sta	ates Page: 10/16
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Product code CA9300B CURING SOLUTION Date of issue 22 March 2022

Product name CA9300B CURING SOLUTION

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Potential acute health effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Eye contact** 

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma

symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin Skin contact

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eve contact** : No specific data.

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness dryness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Conclusion/Summary** There are no data available on the mixture itself. Skin contact to isocvanate monomer

may lead to allergic lung reaction. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Repeated exposure may lead

to permanent respiratory disability. Exposure to component solvent vapor

concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatique, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and

dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Short term exposure

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. **Potential immediate** 

effects

Potential delayed effects : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Long term exposure

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential immediate

effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Potential delayed effects

Potential chronic health effects

**United States** Page: 11/16

Version 5

Product code CA9300B CURING SOLUTION Date of issue 22 March 2022 Version 5

**Product name CA9300B CURING SOLUTION** 

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently

exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
₹A9300B CURING SOLUTION	2569.8	3024.3	N/A	12.4	1.6
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers.	2500	2500	N/A	11	1.5
heptan-2-one	1600	10206	N/A	16.7	1.5
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	1.5
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	710	570	N/A	0.151	0.124

### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers.	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l	Algae - scenedesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish - Danio rerio (zebra fish)	96 hours
heptan-2-one	Acute LC50 131 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
n-butyl acetate	OECD 310 TEPA and OECD 301D	69 % - Readily - 28 days 83 % - Readily - 28 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodegi	radability
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers. heptan-2-one n-butyl acetate	-		-		Not read Readily Readily	dily

United States Page: 12/16

Product code CA9300B CURING SOLUTION Date of issue 22 March 2022

**Product name CA9300B CURING SOLUTION** 

### **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
<b>⊮</b> examethylene diisocyanate,	5.54	3.2	low
oligomers.			
heptan-2-one	2.26	-	low
n-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	low
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	0.02	-	low

**Mobility in soil** 

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Version 5

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

### 14. Transport information

	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards Marine pollutant substances	No. Not applicable.	No. Not applicable.	No. Not applicable.

United States Page: 13/16

Date of issue 22 March 2022 **Version 5** 

**Product code CA9300B CURING SOLUTION** 

**Product name CA9300B CURING SOLUTION** 

### 14. Transport information

#### **Additional information**

**DOT** : This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft.

Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as

hazardous materials.

**IMDG** : None identified. IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

### **Section 15. Regulatory information**

#### **United States**

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are active or exempted.

**SARA 302/304** 

**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable. **Composition/information on ingredients** 

No products were found.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

> ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 **RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1**

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3 HNOC - Defatting irritant

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
✓examethylene diisocyanate, oligomers.	≥75 - ≤90	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
heptan-2-one	≥5.0 - ≤10	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 HNOC - Defatting irritant
n-butyl acetate	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

**United States** Page: 14/16 Product code CA9300B CURING SOLUTION Date of issue 22 March 2022 Version 5

Product name CA9300B CURING SOLUTION

### **Section 15. Regulatory information**

		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3 HNOC - Defatting irritant
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	≥0.10 - ≤2.7	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
light aromatic		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	≤1.6	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
	.4.0	HNOC - Defatting irritant
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	<1.0	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 1
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1A
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		(Nespiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

**SARA 313** 

<u>Chemical name</u> <u>CAS number</u> <u>Concentration</u>

Supplier notification : 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene 95-63-6 0.5 - 1.5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

### Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health: 3 \* Flammability: 2 Physical hazards: 0

(\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health: 3 Flammability: 2 Instability: 0

Date of previous issue : 6/22/2021
Organization that prepared : EHS

the SDS

United States Page: 15/16

Product code CA9300B CURING SOLUTION Date of issue 22 March 2022 Version 5

### Section 16. Other information

**Product name CA9300B CURING SOLUTION** 

Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Disclaimer**

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

United States Page: 16/16