SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision24 July 2020Version 17

Section 1. Identification	
Product name	: 03GY332 BASE COMPONENT
Product code	: 03GY332 BASE COMPONENT
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Industrial applications.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Manufacturer	: PPG Aerospace PRC-DeSoto 12780 San Fernando Road Sylmar, CA 91342
Emergency telephone number	Phone: 818 362 6711 : (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) 01-800-00-21-400 (Mexico)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 15.4% (Oral), 15.4% (Dermal), 26.4% (Inhalation)
	This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many PPG products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).
GHS label elements	

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: Flammable liquid and vapor. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer.
Precautionary statement	<u>s</u>
Prevention	: Øbtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor.
Response	F exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: May form explosive peroxides. Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Product name : Mixture

: 03GY332 BASE COMPONENT

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
heptan-2-one	≥10 - ≤20	110-43-0
titanium dioxide	≥10 - ≤20	13463-67-7
n-butyl acetate	≥5.0 - ≤10	123-86-4
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	≥5.0 - ≤10	763-69-9
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	≥5.0 - <10	98-56-6
Wollastonite	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	13983-17-0
carbon black, respirable powder	<1.0	1333-86-4

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health ef	fects
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sy</u>	nptoms
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation Skin contact	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	irritation dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate m	edical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures **Extinguishing media** Suitable extinguishing : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam. media Unsuitable extinguishing : Do not use water jet. media Specific hazards arising : Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and from the chemical the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Hazardous thermal Decomposition products may include the following materials: 5 decomposition products carbon oxides halogenated compounds carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides **Special protective actions** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable for fire-fighters training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing **Special protective** apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. equipment for fire-fighters

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. May form explosive peroxides. Keep away from combustible materials. Avoid shock and friction. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
heptan-2-one	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).
	TWA: 233 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 465 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
n-butyl acetate	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 710 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	IPEL (PPG).
	TWA: 50 ppm
	STEL: 100 ppm
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	IPEL (PPG).
	TWA: 0.57 ppm
	STEL: 1.71 ppm
Wollastonite	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).
	TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction
carbon black, respirable powder	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).
	TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
	fraction
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Key to abbreviations	
A = Acceptable Maximum Peak	S = Potential skin absorption
CGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.	SR = Respiratory sensitization
C = Ceiling Limit F = Fume	SS = Skin sensitization STEL = Short term Exposure limit values
F = Fume PEL = Internal Permissible Exposure Limit	STEL = Short term Exposure limit values TD = Total dust
SHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.	TLV = Threshold Limit Value
R = Respirable	TWA = Time Weighted Average
Z = OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances	
onsult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.	

Recommended monitoring procedures If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of

hazardous substances will also be required.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	<u>Ires</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:
	May be used: butyl rubber Not recommended: nitrile rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	 Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Gray.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 24.44°C (76°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.28
Density (lbs / gal)	: 10.68
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n-	: Not available.
octanol/water	
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.21 cm²/s (>21 cSt)
VOC	: 441 g/l
% Solid. (w/w)	: 61.71

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

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Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result			Species	Dose	Exposure
Peptan-2-one	LC50 Inhala	ation Vapo	r	Rat	16.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Derm	al		Rabbit	10.206 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral			Rat	1.6 g/kg	-
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhala		s and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Derm	al		Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral			Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhala			Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhala		r	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Derm	al		Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral			Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	LD50 Derm	al		Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral			Rat	3200 mg/kg	-
4-chloro- α , α , α -trifluorotoluene	LC50 Inhala		r	Rat	33080 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Derm	al		Rabbit	>2.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral			Rat	13 g/kg	-
carbon black, respirable	LD50 Derm	al		Rabbit	>3 g/kg	-
powder						
	LD50 Oral			Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.						
Irritation/Corrosion						
Conclusion/Summary						
Skin	There are	no data av	vailable on th	e mixture itself.		
Eyes	There are	no data av	vailable on th	e mixture itself.		
Respiratory	There are	no data av	vailable on th	e mixture itself.		
Sensitization						
Conclusion/Summary						
Skin	There are	no data av	vailable on th	e mixture itself.		
Respiratory	There are	no data av	vailable on th	e mixture itself.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>						
Conclusion/Summary	There are	no data av	vailable on th	e mixture itself.		
Carcinogenicity						
Conclusion/Summary	There are	no data av	vailable on th	e mixture itself.		
Classification						
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP			
Manium dioxide	-	2B	-			
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	-	2B	_			
Wollastonite	_	3	_			
carbon black, respirable	-	2B	-			
powder		-				

Carcinogen Classification code:

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Section 11. Toxicological information

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4
NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen
OSHA: +
Not listed/not regulated: -

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
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Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
heptan-2-one n-butyl acetate 4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	- - -	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, liver, peripheral nervous system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, adrenal, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or
IIIIalation	dizziness.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/	/symptoms
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	nausea or vomiting
	headache
	drowsiness/fatigue
	dizziness/vertigo
	unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
	irritation
	dryness
	cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary	:	There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many PPG products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	1	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>S</u>
General	1	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
Carcinogenicity	1	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
3GY332 BASE COMPONENT	7120.6	38323.7	N/A	64.6	5.8
heptan-2-one	1600	10206	N/A	16.7	1.5
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	3200	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	13000	2500	N/A	33.08	N/A
carbon black, respirable powder	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 131 mg/l Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 18 mg/l Acute LC50 60.9 mg/l	Fish Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish Fish	96 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
heptan-2-one n-butyl acetate	OECD 310 TEPA and OECD 301D	69 % - Readily - 28 days 83 % - Readily - 28 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
heptan-2-one n-butyl acetate ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	- - -				Readily Readily Readily	

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
heptan-2-one	1.98	-	low
n-butyl acetate	1.78	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

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with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
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Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

14. Transport information

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	DOT	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
Packing group	Ш	III	III
Environmental hazards Marine pollutant substances	No. Not applicable.		No. Not applicable.

Additional information

DOT	: None identified.
IMDG	: None identified.
ΙΑΤΑ	: None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are active or exempted.

United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification:	One time notification	I
United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: 4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene 2-Propenoic acid, 2-[methyl[(1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4,4-nonafluorobutyl)sulfonyl]amino] ethyl ester, telomer with 3-mercapto-1,2-propanediol, polymer with 2-methyloxirane polymer with oxirane di-2-propenoate, and 2-methyloxirane polymer with oxirane mono-2-propenoate, tert-Bu 2-ethylhexaneperoxoate-	Listed Listed	40 CFR 799.5089 40 CFR 721.10120
initiated pentane-2,4-dione <u>SARA 302/304</u>	Listed	40 CFR 721.1535
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Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 304 RQ

: Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 311/312

Classification

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -Category 3 HNOC - Defatting irritant HNOC - May form explosive peroxides.

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
heptan-2-one	≥10 - ≤20	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
titanium dioxide	≥10 - ≤20	HNOC - Defatting irritant CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
n-butyl acetate	≥5.0 - ≤10	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
	-0.0 -10	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	≥5.0 - ≤10	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		HNOC - May form explosive peroxides.
4-chloro- α , α , α -trifluorotoluene	≥5.0 - <10	HNOC - Defatting irritant FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
4-011010-0,0,0,0-0111001010101010	23.0 - < 10	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
carbon black, respirable powder	<1.0	
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

California Prop. 65

WARNING: Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 * Flammability : 3 Physical hazards : 1

(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

United States Page: 14/15

Product code 03GY332 BASE COMPONENT

Product name 03GY332 BASE COMPONENT

Section 16. Other information

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 Flammal Date of previous issue Organization that prepared the MSDS	bility : 3 Instability : 1 : 6/17/2020 : EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.

SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 19 July 2020 Version 9

Section 1. Identification		
Product name	: 03GY332CAT CURING SOLUTION COMPONENT	
Product code	: 03GY332CAT CURING SOLUTION COMPONENT	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Product use	: Industrial applications.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.	
Manufacturer	: PPG Aerospace PRC-DeSoto 12780 San Fernando Road Sylmar, CA 91342 Dhanay 848 363 6711	
Emergency telephone number	Phone: 818 362 6711 : (412) 434-4515 (U.S.) (514) 645-1320 (Canada) 01-800-00-21-400 (Mexico)	

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 3% (Dermal), 4% (Inhalation)
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
	United States Page: 1/17

Date of issue 19 July 2020

Product name 03GY332CAT CURING SOLUTION COMPONENT

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Moisture-sensitive material. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Skin contact to isocyanate monomer may lead to allergic lung reaction. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: May form explosive peroxides. Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Product name

- : Mixture
 - : 03GY332CAT CURING SOLUTION COMPONENT

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers.	≥50 - ≤75	28182-81-2
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	≥10 - ≤20	763-69-9
n-butyl acetate	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	123-86-4
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	64742-95-6
propylbenzene	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	103-65-1
mesitylene	≤1.6	108-67-8
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	≤1.4	95-63-6
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	<1.0	822-06-0

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	 Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: No specific data.

Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.
Specific treatments	The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides Cyanate and isocyanate. hydrogen cyanide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions		Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil waterways drains

nvironmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
Special provisions	: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. May form explosive peroxides. Keep away from combustible materials. Avoid shock and friction. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	 Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Precautions should be taken to minimize exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO₂ will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurization.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers.	IPEL (PPG).
	TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³
	STEL: 1 mg/m ³
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	IPEL (PPG).
	TWA: 50 ppm
	STEL: 100 ppm
n-butyl acetate	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
,	TWA: 710 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	None.
propylbenzene	None.
mesitylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).
	TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).
	TWA: 123 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
nexamethylene-di-isocyanate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).
, ,	TWA: 0.03 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as CN) 8 hours.
Key to abbre	eviations
A = Acceptable Maximum Peak	S = Potential skin absorption

A	= Acceptable Maximum Peak	S	= Potential skin absorption
ACGIH	 American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. 	SR	 Respiratory sensitization
С	= Ceiling Limit	SS	 Skin sensitization
F	= Fume	STEL	 Short term Exposure limit values
IPEL	 Internal Permissible Exposure Limit 	TD	= Total dust
OSHA	 Occupational Safety and Health Administration. 	TLV	= Threshold Limit Value
R	= Respirable	TWA	= Time Weighted Average
7	= OSHA 29 CER 1910 1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances		

Z = OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment
		will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Gloves	: butyl rubber
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: By spraying: air-fed respirator. By other operations than spraying, in well ventilated areas, air-fed respirators could be replaced by a combination charcoal filter and particulate filter mask. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Restrictions on use	: Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

•	
Flash point	: Closed cup: 57.78°C (136°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	: 1.08
Density(lbs / gal)	: 9.01
Solubility	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.21 cm²/s (>21 cSt)
VOC	: 282 g/l
% Solid. (w/w)	: 73.6

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide, monomeric isocyanates.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers.	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
0	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	>2500 mg/kg	-
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3200 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10.768 g/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3.48 g/kg	-
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
propylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	6040 mg/kg	-
mesitylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	124 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	151 mg/m³	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	22 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	0.57 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.71 g/kg	-
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	: There are no data available on the	ne mixture itself.		
rritation/Corrosion				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: There are no data available on the	ne mixture itself.		
Eyes	: There are no data available on the	ne mixture itself.		
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the	ne mixture itself.		
<u>Sensitization</u>				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: There are no data available on the	ne mixture itself.		
Respiratory	: There are no data available on the	ne mixture itself.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the	ne mixture itself.		
Carcinogenicity				
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the	ne mixture itself.		
Reproductive toxicity				
Conclusion/Summary :	There are no data available on th	e mixture itself.		
eratogenicity				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	There are no data available on th	e mixture itself.		
Specific target organ toxicity	<u>(single exposure)</u>			

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers.	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
propylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
mesitylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, lungs, upper respiratory tract, skin, eye, lens or cornea.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Inhalation	 No known significant effects or critical hazards. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma
Skin contact	 symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs	/symptoms
Eye contact Inhalation	 No specific data. Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma

	Y332CA IPONEN	CURING SOLUTION	Date of issue	19 July 2020	Version 9
Product name 03G	Y332CA1	CURING SOLUTION C	COMPONENT		
Section 11. 7	Toxico	logical information	on		
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may in irritation redness dryness cracking	clude the following:		
Ingestion		No specific data.			
		and also chronic effects f	•	-	
Conclusion/Sumn	lary	There are no data available may lead to allergic lung re components and consideri cause acute irritation and/c asthmatic condition, wheez to permanent respiratory d concentrations in excess o health effects such as muc effects on the kidneys, live headache, dizziness, fatigu loss of consciousness. So through the skin. There is vapors in combination with expected from exposure to irritation and reversible dar This takes into account, wh effects of components from dermal routes of exposure	eaction. Based on the ng toxicological data of or sensitization of the r zing and tightness of the isability. Exposure to f the stated occupatio cous membrane and re r and central nervous ue, muscular weakness lvents may cause son some evidence that re constant loud noise of o noise alone. If splas mage. Ingestion may here known, delayed an o short-term and long-	properties of the properties of the respiratory system component solve nal exposure line espiratory system system. Sympton solve above epeated exposu- can cause great hed in the eyes cause nausea, and immediate e	ne isocyanate res, this mixture may em, leading to an eated exposure may lead vent vapor nit may result in adverse mirritation and adverse toms and signs include and, in extreme cases, effects by absorption ure to organic solvent er hearing loss than , the liquid may cause diarrhea and vomiting. effects and also chronic
Short term exposu					
Potential immedia effects	te	: There are no data available	e on the mixture itself.		
Potential delayed Long term exposur		There are no data available	e on the mixture itself.		
Potential immedia effects	te	There are no data available	e on the mixture itself.		
Potential delayed		There are no data available	e on the mixture itself.		
Potential chronic h					
General	:	 Prolonged or repeated con dermatitis. Once sensitize exposed to very low levels. 	d, a severe allergic re		
Carcinogenicity		No known significant effect	ts or critical hazards.		
Mutagenicity		No known significant effect	ts or critical hazards.		
Reproductive toxi	city	No known significant effect	ts or critical hazards.		
Numerical measures	of toxicit	l			
Acute toxicity estim	-	-			

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
3 GY332CAT CURING SOLUTION COMPONENT	3387.5	3335.3	N/A	15	2
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers.	2500	2500	N/A	11	1.5
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	3200	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	3480	N/A	N/A	N/A
propylbenzene	6040	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
mesitylene	5000	N/A	N/A	24	N/A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	1.5
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	710	570	N/A	0.151	0.124

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers.	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l	Algae - scenedesmus subspicatus	72 hours
C C	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia - daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish - Danio rerio (zebra fish)	96 hours
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Acute LC50 60.9 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
n-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
n-butyl acetate	TEPA and OECD 301D	83 % - Readily - 28 days		-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers. ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate n-butyl acetate	-		-		Not read Readily Readily	dily

Bioaccumulative potential

ΙΑΤΑ

Product name 03GY332CAT CURING SOLUTION COMPONENT

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers.	-	3.2	low
n-butyl acetate	1.78	-	low
propylbenzene	3.69	-	low
mesitylene	3.42	186.21	low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	low
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	1.08	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

14. Transport information DOT **IMDG UN number** UN1263 UN1263 UN1263 **UN proper shipping** PAINT PAINT PAINT

		Un	ited States Page: 14/17
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Packing group	Ш	Ш	111
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3
name			

Product name 03GY332CAT CURING SOLUTION COMPONENT

14. Transport information

Product RQ (lbs)	14285.7	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
RQ substances	(hexamethylene-di-isocyanate)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

Additional information

- DOT : This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity.
 IMDG : None identified.
- IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are active or exempted.

<u>SARA 302/304</u> SARA 304 RQ

: Not applicable.

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 311/312

Classification	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
	RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract
	irritation) - Category 3
	HNOC - May form explosive peroxides.
	HNOC - Defatting irritant

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification	
✓examethylene diisocyanate, oligomers.	≥50 - ≤75	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A	
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	≥10 - ≤20	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 HNOC - May form explosive peroxides.	
n-butyl acetate	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	HNOC - Defatting irritant FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	
		United States Page: 15/17	

Product name 03GY332CAT CURING SOLUTION COMPONENT

Section 15. Regulatory information

		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
\mathbf{O}		HNOC - Defatting irritant
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
light aromatic		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
propylbenzene	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
mesitylene	≤1.6	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	≤1.4	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	<1.0	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 1
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1A
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

<u>SARA 313</u>

Chemical nameCAS numberConcentrationSupplier notification: 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene95-63-60.1 - 1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Product code 03GY332CAT CURING SOLUTION Date of issue 19 July 2020

Product name 03GY332CAT CURING SOLUTION COMPONENT

Section 16. Other information

COMPONENT

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Flammability : 2 Physical hazards : Health : 3 1

(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Date of previous issue	lity : 2 Instability : 1 : 7/17/2020 : EHS	
Key to abbreviations :	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 19 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations	

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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