# socomore

### SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Product Use/Class: CHEMGLAZE 9944A Wash Primer, Part A

Supplier: Socomore 791 Westport Parkway Fort Worth, TX 76177 Telephone: 817-335-1826

Chemtrec 24 Hr Transportation Emergency No. 800 424-9300 (Outside Continental U.S. 703 527-3887)

Manufacturer: LORD Corporation 111 LORD Drive Cary, NC 27511-7923 USA

#### **EFFECTIVE DATE:** 09/29/2016

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### **GHS CLASSIFICATION:**

Acute toxicity Inhalation - Dust and MistCategory 4 - 67.9% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity.

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A Skin sensitization Category 1 Germ cell mutagenicity Category 2 Carcinogenicity Category 1A Reproductive toxicity Category 1B Specific target organ systemic toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 Specific target organ systemic toxicity (single exposure) Category 1 Cardio-vascular system, Respiratory system, Kidney, Nervous system, Central nervous system, retina, Systemic toxicity Specific target organ systemic toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2 Nervous system Specific target organ systemic toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1 Hematopoietic System, Cardio-vascular system, Central nervous system, Digestive organs, Kidney, Liver, spleen, thymus, retina, Eyes Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard Category 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard Category 2

#### GHS LABEL ELEMENTS: Symbol(s)



Signal Word DANGER

#### **Hazard Statements**

Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing genetic defects. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes damage to organs.(Cardio-vascular system, Respiratory system, Kidney, Nervous system, Central nervous system, retina, Systemic toxicity) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.(Nervous system) Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.(Hematopoietic System, Cardio-vascular system, Central nervous system, Digestive organs, Kidney, Liver, spleen, thymus, retina, Eyes) Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary Statements**

#### Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

Use personal protective equipment as required.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Avoid release to the environment.

#### Response

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label). IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Collect spillage.

#### Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

#### **Disposal:**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with waste/disposal laws and regulations of your country or particular locality.

#### **Other Hazards:**

## This product contains component(s) which have the following warnings; however based on the GHS classification criteria of your country or locale, the product mixture may be outside the respective category(s).

Acute: Vapor harmful; may affect the brain or nervous system causing dizziness, headache or nausea. Possible irritation of the respiratory system can occur causing a variety of symptoms such as dryness of the throat, tightness of the chest, and shortness of breath. May cause central nervous system depression characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness or coma. Harmful if absorbed through skin. May cause skin and eye burns. Eye contact may cause severe eye damage, including vision disturbances, corneal damage, and blindness. Contains methanol; may be harmful or fatal if swallowed; ingestion of methanol may cause blindness or permanent eye damage. Cannot be made non-poisonous. Chronic: May cause long-term lung damage. May affect the gastrointestinal system. Prolonged or repeated contact may result in dermatitis. Chromates, as Cr, have been determined by NTP and IARC to be known human carcinogens; exposures are expected if this product is sprayed or sanded. IARC has designated Methyl isobutyl ketone to be in Group 2B - possibly carcinogenic to humans. ACGIH considers Ethyl alcohol to be an A3 carcinogen (confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance in humans).

| Chemical Name          | CAS Number  | Range       |
|------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Ester solvent          | PROPRIETARY | 25 - 30 %   |
| Ethyl alcohol          | 64-17-5     | 15 - 20 %   |
| Secondary butanol      | 78-92-2     | 10 - 15 %   |
| Zinc chromate pigment  | 11103-86-9  | 10 - 15 %   |
| Ester solvent          | PROPRIETARY | 5 - 10 %    |
| Phenol                 | 108-95-2    | 1 - 5 %     |
| Methanol               | 67-56-1     | 1 - 5 %     |
| Methyl isobutyl ketone | 108-10-1    | 0.1 - 0.9 % |

Any "PROPRIETARY" component(s) in the above table is considered trade secret, thus the specific chemical and its exact concentration is being withheld.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT:** Flush eyes immediately with large amount of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open while flushing. Get prompt medical attention.

**FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT:** Flush contaminated skin with large amounts of water while removing contaminated clothing. Wash affected skin areas with soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**FIRST AID - INHALATION:** Move person to fresh air. Restore and support continued breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention.

**FIRST AID - INGESTION:** If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately for further instructions. Never give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness, unconscious or convulsing.

#### **5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

**SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam, Water Fog **UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Not determined for this product.

**SPECIFIC HAZARDS POSSIBLY ARISING FROM THE CHEMICAL:** Flammable liquid and vapor. Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks, open flame, and other sources of ignition. Closed containers may rupture when exposed to extreme heat. Use water spray to keep fire exposed containers cool. During a fire, irritating and/or toxic gases and particulate may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

**SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND PRECAUTIONS FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS:** Wear full firefighting protective clothing, including self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT, AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES:** Remove all sources of ignition (flame, hot surfaces, and electrical, static or frictional sparks). Avoid contact. Avoid breathing vapors. Use self-contained breathing equipment.

**ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:** Do not contaminate bodies of water, waterways, or ditches, with chemical or used container.

**METHODS AND MATERIALS FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANUP:** Keep non-essential personnel a safe distance away from the spill area. Notify appropriate authorities if necessary. Avoid contact. Before attempting cleanup, refer to hazard caution information in other sections of the SDS form. Contain and remove with inert absorbent material.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**HANDLING:** Keep closure tight and container upright to prevent leakage. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Avoid skin and eye contact. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid breathing of vapor or spray mists. Avoid breathing sanding dust from this product. Use with adequate ventilation. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Empty containers should not be re-used. Because empty containers may retain product residue and flammable vapors, keep away from heat, sparks and flame; do not cut, puncture or weld on or near the empty container. Do not smoke where this product is used or stored. Cannot be made non-poisonous.

**STORAGE:** Do not store or use near heat, sparks, or open flame. Store only in well-ventilated areas. Do not puncture, drag, or slide container. Keep container closed when not in use. Refer to OSHA 29CFR Part 1910.106 "Flammable and Combustible Liquids" for specific storage requirements.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Strong acids, bases, and strong oxidizers.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

| Chemical Name          | ACGIH TLV-<br>TWA | ACGIH TLV-<br>STEL | OSHA PEL-<br>TWA         | OSHA PEL-<br>CEILING | <u>Skin</u> |
|------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|-------------|
| Ester solvent          | N.E.              | N.E.               | N.E.                     | N.E.                 | N.A.        |
| Ethyl alcohol          | N.E.              | 1,000 ppm          | 1,900 mg/m3<br>1,000 ppm | N.E.                 | N.A.        |
| Secondary butanol      | 100 ppm           | N.E.               | 450 mg/m3<br>150 ppm     | N.E.                 | N.A.        |
| Zinc chromate pigment  | 0.01 mg/m3        | N.E.               | 0.005 mg/m3              | 0.1 mg/m3            | N.A.        |
| Ester solvent          | N.E.              | N.E.               | N.E.                     | N.E.                 | N.A.        |
| Phenol                 | 5 ppm             | N.E.               | 19 mg/m3<br>5 ppm        | N.E.                 | S           |
| Methanol               | 200 ppm           | 250 ppm            | 260 mg/m3<br>200 ppm     | N.E.                 | S           |
| Methyl isobutyl ketone | 50 ppm            | 75 ppm             | 410 mg/m3<br>100 ppm     | N.E.                 | N.A.        |

#### COMPONENT EXPOSURE LIMIT

N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, S - Skin Designation

**Engineering controls:** Sufficient ventilation in pattern and volume should be provided in order to maintain air contaminant levels below recommended exposure limits. Caution: Solvent vapors are heavier than air and collect in lower levels of the work area. Sufficient ventilation (using explosion-proof equipment) should be provided to prevent flammable vapor/air mixtures from accumulating.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTION MEASURES/EQUIPMENT:

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:** Use a NIOSH approved chemical/mechanical filter respirator designed to remove a combination of particulates and organic vapor if occupational limits are exceeded. For emergency situations, confined space use, or other conditions where exposure limits may be greatly exceeded, use an approved air-supplied respirator. For respirator use observe OSHA regulations (29CFR 1910.134) or use in accordance with applicable laws and regulations of your country or particular locality.

**SKIN PROTECTION:** Use neoprene, nitrile, or rubber gloves to prevent skin contact.

**EYE PROTECTION:** Use safety eyewear including safety glasses with side shields and chemical goggles where splashing may occur.

**OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:** Use disposable or impervious clothing if work clothing contamination is likely. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**HYGIENIC PRACTICES:** Wash hands before eating, smoking, or using toilet facility. Do not smoke in any chemical handling or storage area. Food or beverages should not be consumed anywhere this product is handled or stored. Wash thoroughly after handling.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Typical values, not to be used for specification purposes.

| ODOR:                      | Solvent              | VAPOR PRESSURE:        | N.D.                     |
|----------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| APPEARANCE:                | Red                  | VAPOR DENSITY:         | Heavier than Air         |
| PHYSICAL STATE:            | Liquid               | LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: | 1.3 %(V)                 |
| FLASH POINT:               | 88 °F, 31 °C Pensky- | UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: | 36.5 %(V)                |
|                            | Martens Closed Cup   |                        |                          |
| <b>BOILING RANGE:</b>      | 65 - 200 °C          | EVAPORATION RATE:      | Slower than n-butyl-     |
|                            |                      |                        | acetate                  |
| AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE:  | N.D.                 | DENSITY:               | 1.07 g/cm3 - 8.87 lb/gal |
| DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE: | N.D.                 | VISCOSITY, DYNAMIC:    | ≥1,000 mPa.s @ 25 °C     |
| ODOR THRESHOLD:            | N.D.                 | VISCOSITY, KINEMATIC:  | ≥935 mm2/s @ 25 °C       |
| SOLUBILITY IN H2O:         | Insoluble            | VOLATILE BY WEIGHT:    | 65.74 %                  |
| pH:                        | N.A.                 | VOLATILE BY VOLUME:    | 79.83 %                  |
| FREEZE POINT:              | N.D.                 | VOC CALCULATED:        | 5.83 lb/gal, 698 g/l     |
| COEFFICIENT OF WATER/OIL   | N.D.                 |                        |                          |
| DISTRIBUTION:              |                      |                        |                          |

LEGEND: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

#### **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Hazardous polymerization will not occur under normal conditions.

**STABILITY:** Product is stable under normal storage conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: High temperatures. Sources of ignition.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Strong acids, bases, and strong oxidizers.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, Chromium fume

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**EXPOSURE PATH:** Refer to section 2 of this SDS.

**SYMPTOMS:** Refer to section 2 of this SDS.

#### **TOXICITY MEASURES:**

| Chemical Name         | LD50/LC50   |  |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| Ester solvent         | Oral LD50: Rat 8,532 mg/kg  |  |
|                       | Dermal LD50: Rabbit > $\overline{5}$ g/kg                         |  |
| Ethyl alcohol         | Oral LD50: Rat 7,060 mg/kg  |  |
|                       | Inhalation LC50: Rat 124.7 mg/l /4 h                              |  |
| Secondary butanol     | Oral LD50: Rat 2,200 mg/kg  |  |
|                       | Dermal LD50: Rat > 2 g/kg   |  |
|                       | Dermal LD50: Rabbit > 2,000 mg/kg                                 |  |
|                       | Inhalation LC50: Rat 48,500 mg/m3 /4 h                            |  |
| Zinc chromate pigment | N.D.  |  |
| Ester solvent         | N.D.  |  |
| Phenol                | Oral LD50: Rat 340 mg/kg  |  |
|                       | Dermal LD50: Rabbit 630 mg/kg                                     |  |
|                       | GHS LC50 (dust and mist): Acute toxicity point estimate 0.55 mg/l |  |
| Methanol              | Oral LD50: Rat 6,200 mg/kg  |  |
|                       | Dermal LD50: Rabbit 15,800 mg/kg                                  |  |

|                        | Inhalation LC50: Rat 22500 ppm/8 h |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Methyl isobutyl ketone | Oral LD50: Rat 2,080 mg/kg         |
|                        | Dermal LD50: Rabbit 3,000 mg/kg    |
|                        | Inhalation LC50: Rat 8.2 mg/l /4 h |

**Germ cell mutagenicity:** Category 2 - Suspected of causing genetic defects. Components contributing to classification: Phenol.

**Carcinogenicity:** Category 1A - May cause cancer. Components contributing to classification: Zinc chromate pigment. Methyl isobutyl ketone.

**Reproductive toxicity:** Category 1B - May damage fertility or the unborn child. Components contributing to classification: Secondary butanol. Phenol. Methanol.

#### **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **ECOTOXICITY:**

| Chemical Name Ecotoxicity |   |  |  |
|---------------------------|---|--|--|
| Ester solvent             | <u>Fish:</u> Pimephales promelas 161 mg/196 h Static<br><u>Invertebrates:</u> Daphnia magna > 500 mg/148 h  |  |  |
| Ethyl alcohol             | <u>Fish:</u> Pimephales promelas > 100 mg/l96 h Static<br>Pimephales promelas 13,400 - 15,100 mg/l96 h flow-through<br><u>Invertebrates:</u> Daphnia magna 9,268 - 14,221 mg/l48 h<br>Daphnia magna 2 mg/l48 h Static   |  |  |
| Secondary butanol         | <u>Fish:</u> Pimephales promelas 3,380 - 3,990 mg/l96 h flow-through<br><u>Invertebrates:</u> Daphnia magna 1,859 - 7,143 mg/l48 h Static   |  |  |
| Zinc chromate pigment     | N.D.  |  |  |
| Ester solvent             | N.D.  |  |  |
| Phenol                    | Fish:Pimephales promelas 20.5 - 25.6 mg/l96 hPimephales promelas 32 mg/l96 hOncorhynchus mykiss 5.449 - 6.789 mg/l96 hOncorhynchus mykiss 7.5 - 14 mg/l96 hStaticOncorhynchus mykiss 5.0 - 12.0 mg/l96 hLepomis macrochirus 13.5 mg/l96 hStaticLepomis macrochirus 13.5 mg/l96 hStaticPoecilia reticulata 34.09 - 47.64 mg/l96 hStaticPoecilia reticulata 31 mg/l96 hOryzias latipes 33.9 - 43.3 mg/l96 hOryzias latipes 23.4 - 36.6 mg/l96 hStaticPimephales promelas 11.9 - 50.5 mg/l96 hInvertebrates:Daphnia magna 10.2 - 15.5 mg/l96 hPlants:Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 46.42 mg/l96 hDesmodesmus subspicatus 187 - 279 mg/l72 hStatic |  |  |
| Methanol                  | <u>Fish:</u> Pimephales promelas 28,200 mg/l96 h flow-through<br>Pimephales promelas > 100 mg/l96 h Static<br>Oncorhynchus mykiss 19,500 - 20,700 mg/l96 h flow-through<br>Lepomis macrochirus 13,500 - 17,600 mg/l96 h flow-through  |  |  |
| Methyl isobutyl ketone    | <u>Fish:</u> Pimephales promelas 496 - 514 mg/l96 h flow-through<br><u>Invertebrates:</u> Daphnia magna 170 mg/l48 h<br><u>Plants:</u> Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 400 mg/l96 h   |  |  |

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY: Not determined for this product.

**BIOACCUMULATIVE:** Not determined for this product.

MOBILITY IN SOIL: Not determined for this product.

#### **OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS:** Not determined for this product.

#### **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**DISPOSAL METHOD:** Disposal should be done in accordance with Federal (40CFR Part 261), state and local environmental control regulations. If waste is determined to be hazardous, use licensed hazardous waste transporter and disposal facility.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

| US DOT Road<br>DOT Proper Shipping Name:<br>DOT Hazard Class:<br>SECONDARY HAZARD:<br>DOT UN/NA Number:<br>Packing Group:<br>Emergency Response Guide Number: | Paint<br>3<br>None<br>1263<br>III<br>128 |
|---|--|
| IATA Cargo<br>PROPER SHIPPING NAME:<br>DOT Hazard Class:<br>HAZARD CLASS:<br>UN-NUMBER:<br>PACKING GROUP:<br>EMS:   | Paint<br>3<br>None<br>1263<br>III<br>3L  |
| IMDG<br>PROPER SHIPPING NAME:<br>DOT Hazard Class:<br>HAZARD CLASS:<br>UN-NUMBER:<br>PACKING GROUP:<br>EMS:   | Paint<br>3<br>None<br>1263<br>III<br>F-E |

The listed transportation classification applies to US DOT Road, IATA Cargo, and IMDG non-bulk shipments. It does not address regulatory variations due to changes in package size, mode of shipment or other regulatory descriptors. For the most accurate shipping information, refer to your transportation/compliance department.

#### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS: AS FOLLOWS:

#### **SARA SECTION 313**

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372.:

| Chemical Name          | CAS Number | Weight % Less Than |
|------------------------|------------|--------------------|
| Secondary butanol      | 78-92-2    | 15.0 %             |
| Zinc chromate pigment  | 11103-86-9 | 15.0 %             |
| Phenol                 | 108-95-2   | 5.0 %              |
| Methanol               | 67-56-1    | 5.0 %              |
| Methyl isobutyl ketone | 108-10-1   | 0.9 %              |

#### TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT:

#### **INVENTORY STATUS**

The chemical substances in this product are on the TSCA Section 8 Inventory.

#### **EXPORT NOTIFICATION**

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

<u>Chemical Name</u> Zinc chromate pigment CAS Number 11103-86-9

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Under HazCom 2012 it is optional to continue using the HMIS rating system. It is important to ensure employees have been trained to recognize the different numeric ratings associated with the HazCom 2012 and HMIS schemes.

**HMIS RATINGS -** HEALTH: 2\* FLAMMABILITY: 3 PHYSICAL HAZARD: 0 \* - Indicates a chronic hazard; see Section 2

Revision: Section 1, Section 2, Section 11

**Effective Date:** 09/29/2016

#### DISCLAIMER

The information contained herein is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate. However, since the conditions of handling and use are beyond our control, we make no guarantee of results, and assume no liability for damages incurred by use of this material. It is the responsibility of the user to comply with all applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations.