

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

SC0880000

## Section 1. Identification

**Product name** : CD™880 General Purpose Cleaner Aerosol  
**Product code** : SC0880000  
**Other means of identification** : Not available.  
**Product type** : Aerosol.  
**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Paint or paint related material.

**Manufacturer** : Sprayon Products Group  
101 W. Prospect Avenue,  
Cleveland, Ohio 44115

**Emergency telephone number of the company** : US / Canada: (800) 424-9300  
Mexico: SETIQ 01-800-00-214-00 / (52) 55-5559-1588 24 hours / 365 days a year

**Product Information Telephone Number** : US / Canada: (800) 247-3266  
Mexico: Not Available

**Regulatory Information Telephone Number** : US / Canada: (216) 566-2902  
Mexico: Not Available

**Transportation Emergency Telephone Number** : US / Canada: (800) 424-9300  
Mexico: SETIQ 01-800-00-214-00 / (52) 55-5559-1588 24 hours / 365 days a year

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS status** : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 1.3%  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 1.3%  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 1.3%

### GHS label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Warning

**Hazard statements** : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.  
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Precautionary statements

**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 11/29/2019 **Date of previous issue** : 4/15/2019 **Version** : 9 1/13  
SC0880000 CD™880 General Purpose Cleaner Aerosol **SHW-85-NA-GHS-US**

## Section 2. Hazards identification

- Prevention** : Do not breathe dust or mist.
- Response** : Get medical attention if you feel unwell.
- Storage** : Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.
- Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Supplemental label elements** : WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.  
Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.
- Hazards not otherwise classified** : None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

- Substance/mixture** : Mixture
- Other means of identification** : Not available.

### CAS number/other identifiers

| Ingredient name | % by weight | CAS number |
|-----------------|-------------|------------|
| 2-Butoxyethanol | ≤5          | 111-76-2   |
| Butane          | ≤3          | 106-97-8   |
| Propane         | ≤3          | 74-98-6    |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.**

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.

## Section 4. First aid measures

Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

| Ingredient name | CAS #    | Exposure limits   |
|-----------------|----------|---|
| 2-Butoxyethanol | 111-76-2 | <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).</b><br>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.<br><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br><b>Absorbed through skin.</b><br>TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours.<br>TWA: 24 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b><br><b>Absorbed through skin.</b><br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 240 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. |
| Butane          | 106-97-8 | <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br>TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours.<br>TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).</b><br><b>Explosive potential.</b><br>STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.   |
| Propane         | 74-98-6  | <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b><br>TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.<br>TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b><br>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).</b> Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential.                               |

#### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

| Ingredient name                 | CAS #    | Exposure limits   |
|---------------------------------|----------|---|
| Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether | 111-76-2 | <b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</b><br>8 hrs OEL: 97 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>8 hrs OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours.<br><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019).</b><br>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.<br><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).</b><br>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.<br><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b><br>TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWAEV: 97 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b><br>STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. |
| Butane                          | 106-97-8 | <b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</b><br>8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b><br>TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWAEV: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).</b><br>TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours.<br><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b>  |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

|                |         |  |
|----------------|---------|--|
| Normal propane | 74-98-6 | <p>STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br/><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019). Explosive potential.</b><br/>STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</b><br/>8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br/><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</b><br/>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br/>TWA: 1800 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).</b><br/>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br/><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b><br/>STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.<br/><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential.</b></p> |
|----------------|---------|--|

**Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)**

|                 | <b>CAS #</b> | <b>Exposure limits</b>  |
|-----------------|--------------|---|
| 2-Butoxyethanol | 111-76-2     | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br><b>Absorbed through skin.</b><br>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. |
| Butane          | 106-97-8     | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.                                |
| Propane         | 74-98-6      | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.                                |

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

**Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

**Skin protection**

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Not available.
- Odor** : Not available.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : 11.3
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Boiling point/boiling range** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
- Evaporation rate** : 0.09 (butyl acetate = 1)
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Lower: 1.1%  
Upper: 10.6%
- Vapor pressure** : 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
- Vapor density** : 1 [Air = 1]
- Relative density** : 0.96
- Solubility** : Not available.
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not available.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.205 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (>20.5 cSt)
- Molecular weight** : Not applicable.
- Aerosol product**
- Type of aerosol** : Spray
- Heat of combustion** : 2.942 kJ/g
- Enclosed space ignition - Time equivalent** : 385 s/m<sup>3</sup>
- Enclosed space ignition - Deflagration density** : 511 g/m<sup>3</sup>



## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- Conditions to avoid** : No specific data.
- Incompatible materials** : No specific data.
- Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result                | Species    | Dose                     | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------|--------------------------|----------|
| 2-Butoxyethanol         | LCLo Inhalation Vapor | Guinea pig | >3.1 mg/l                | 1 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Dermal           | Guinea pig | >2000 mg/kg              | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Rat        | 1300 mg/kg               | -        |
| Butane                  | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat        | 658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |

#### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure        | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|-----------------|-------------|
| 2-Butoxyethanol         | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 100 mg | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 100 mg          | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 500 mg          | -           |

#### Sensitization

Not available.

#### Mutagenicity

Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

#### Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|------|-----|
| 2-Butoxyethanol         | -    | 3    | -   |

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### Teratogenicity

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)



# Section 11. Toxicological information

| Name            | Category                 | Route of exposure                  | Target organs                                    |
|-----------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Category 3<br>Category 3 | Not applicable.<br>Not applicable. | Narcotic effects<br>Respiratory tract irritation |
| Butane          | Category 3<br>Category 3 | Not applicable.<br>Not applicable. | Narcotic effects<br>Respiratory tract irritation |
| Propane         | Category 3<br>Category 3 | Not applicable.<br>Not applicable. | Narcotic effects<br>Respiratory tract irritation |

**Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**

| Name            | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs  |
|-----------------|------------|-------------------|----------------|
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Butane          | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |
| Propane         | Category 2 | Not determined    | Not determined |

**Aspiration hazard**

| Name    | Result                         |
|---------|--------------------------------|
| Butane  | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Propane | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

**Potential acute health effects**

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

**Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure**

**Short term exposure**

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

**Long term exposure**

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

- General** : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

| Route               | ATE value   |
|---------------------|-------------|
| Oral                | 32500 mg/kg |
| Dermal              | 27500 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (vapors) | 275 mg/l    |

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result                               | Species                       | Exposure |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------|
| 2-Butoxyethanol         | Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water    | Daphnia - Daphnia magna       | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water  | Crustaceans - Crangon crangon | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water | Fish - Menidia beryllina      | 96 hours |

### Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| 2-Butoxyethanol         | -                 | -          | Readily          |

### Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

### Mobility in soil

- Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

- Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.






## Section 13. Disposal considerations

- Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

## Section 14. Transport information

|                                   | DOT<br>Classification  | TDG<br>Classification  | Mexico<br>Classification   | IATA   | IMDG   |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| <b>UN number</b>                  | UN1950   | UN1950   | UN1950   | UN1950   | UN1950   |
| <b>UN proper shipping name</b>    | AEROSOLS   | AEROSOLS   | AEROSOLS   | Aerosols, non-flammable  | AEROSOLS   |
| <b>Transport hazard class(es)</b> | 2.2<br> | 2.2<br>   | 2.2<br> | 2.2<br> | 2.2<br> |
| <b>Packing group</b>              | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| <b>Environmental hazards</b>      | No.  | No.  | No.  | No.  | No.  |
| <b>Additional information</b>     | -<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>126   | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2).<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>126 | -<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>126   | -  | <b>Emergency schedules</b> F-D, S-U  |

**Special precautions for user :** Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code :** Not available.

**Proper shipping name :** Not available.  
**Ship type :** Not available.  
**Pollution category :** Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### [SARA 313](#)

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

### [California Prop. 65](#)

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### [International regulations](#)

#### [International lists](#)

- : **Australia inventory (AICS):** Not determined.
- : **China inventory (IECSC):** Not determined.
- : **Japan inventory (ENCS):** Not determined.
- : **Japan inventory (ISHL):** Not determined.
- : **Korea inventory (KECI):** Not determined.
- : **New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):** Not determined.
- : **Philippines inventory (PICCS):** Not determined.
- : **Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI):** Not determined.
- : **Thailand inventory:** Not determined.
- : **Turkey inventory:** Not determined.
- : **Vietnam inventory:** Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

### [Hazardous Material Information System \(U.S.A.\)](#)

|                  |   |   |
|------------------|---|---|
| Health           | * | 3 |
| Flammability     |   | 2 |
| Physical hazards |   | 3 |
|                  |   |   |

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

**Caution:** HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

### [Procedure used to derive the classification](#)

| Classification  | Justification      |
|---|--------------------|
| GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas                           | Calculation method |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 | Calculation method |

### [History](#)

**Date of printing** : 11/29/2019

**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 11/29/2019

**Date of previous issue** : 4/15/2019

**Version** : 9

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

## Section 16. Other information

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

SGG = Segregation Group

UN = United Nations

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.