

Final Exam

Continuing Education Course #387 Clarifier Rehabilitation

 1. A clarifier can also be called which of the following? a. cyclone b. sedimentation tank c. aerator
 2. Compared to other treatment technologies, clarifiers are a. simple b. complex
3. Floating particles and objects are known as what? ○ a. sludge ○ b. scum ○ c. supernatant
 4. Which of the following is not a common shape for a wastewater clarifiers? ○ a. circular ○ b. triangular ○ c. rectangular
 5. What is the most common application for clarifiers for water treatment? a. aeration b. membranes c. lime softening
 6. Which is a good first step in clarifier rehabilitation? ○ a. identify motivations ○ b. design ○ c. identify alternatives
 7. Which of the following is NOT a potential motivating factor for clarifier rehabilitation? ○ a. coating failure ○ b. disinfection requirements ○ c. process problems
 8. A condition assessment is critical with which of the following motivating factors? a. flow demand increase b. process problems c. equipment failure
9. Which of following is a main clarifier component?

○ a. drive○ b. anchorage○ c. angles
 10. What is the typical life span for a clarifier drive? ○ a. 10 years ○ b. 20 years ○ c. 40 years
 11. Which of the following is NOT a field test for a drive? ○ a. factory ○ b. vibration ○ c. noise
12. Often submerged steel is designed with what minimum thickness? a. 3/16" b. 1/4" c. 3/8"
 13. What is corrosion allowance? a. The allowed number of places corrosion is observed. b. Funds set aside for correcting corrosion problems. c. Additional thickness added for conservatism.
 14. For a condition assessment, which thickness measurements are helpful? ○ a. Steel and Coating Thicknesses ○ b. Rust and Solids Thicknesses ○ c. Surface and Internal Thicknesses
 15. Efflorescence on a tank wall indicates what? ○ a. Presence of algae blooms ○ b. There is a slow leak ○ c. Light radiation
 16. Which of the following is a common non-destructive test for concrete? ○ a. Rebound Hammer Test ○ b. Core Test ○ c. Magnet Test
17. What is a surface removal test for concrete? ○ a. Non-destructive ○ b. Removing the concrete surface to view the steel ○ c. Half-cell corrosion mapping
 18. What is the aim of a performance assessment? ○ a. To determine the physical condition of the clarifier ○ b. To fully describe the clarifier ○ c. Evaluate treatment efficiency and identify modifications to improve the treatment
 19. What insight does a mass balance provide? a. How flow and solids pass through the clarifier b. The impact of the clarifier volume

\bigcirc	c. Surface overflow issues
0	Why is state point analysis used? a. To assess the condition of equipment b. To understand the operating condition and determine corrective actions such as changing the RAS rate c. To find the ideal mixing rate
0	Which of the following is NOT true regarding CFD modeling? a. Relatively expensive b. A step in a condition assessment c. Can help determine the peak flow rate and solids loading rate
0	Which of the following is NOT a field test for a clarifier performance assessment? a. Tracer Test b. Settling Test c. Skills Test
0	Which of the following are good first steps in an alternatives comparison? a. Identify Criteria and Brainstorm Alternatives b. Cost Estimate and Design Report c. Desktop study and Field Testing
0	Which of the following helps address differing conditions? a. Mass balance b. Specify an allowance c. Ask the Contractor to take photos
000	Which of the following is NOT a potential material for clarifier components? a. 316L stainless steel b. Pressure treated lumber c. 304L stainless steel d. carbon steel
0	How much time should be allowed between sand blasting and prime coating? a. 24 hours b. 1 week c. 60 seconds
0	Which of the following help "hold the blast" for a successful prime coat? a. Remove all person from the blast area b. Cover the tank c. Check the coating thickness
000	Which of the following is NOT an option for a drive lubrication system cleaning? a. Double Oil Change b. Advanced Power Flush c. Chemical Power Flush d. Water Flush
0	Which is typically the longest lead time item? a. Drive b. Control Panel

○ c. Weirs & Baffles	
30. Which is NOT an option to address stainless steel contamination? a. Avoid field welding of stainless steel b. Field passivation c. Pressure washing	