

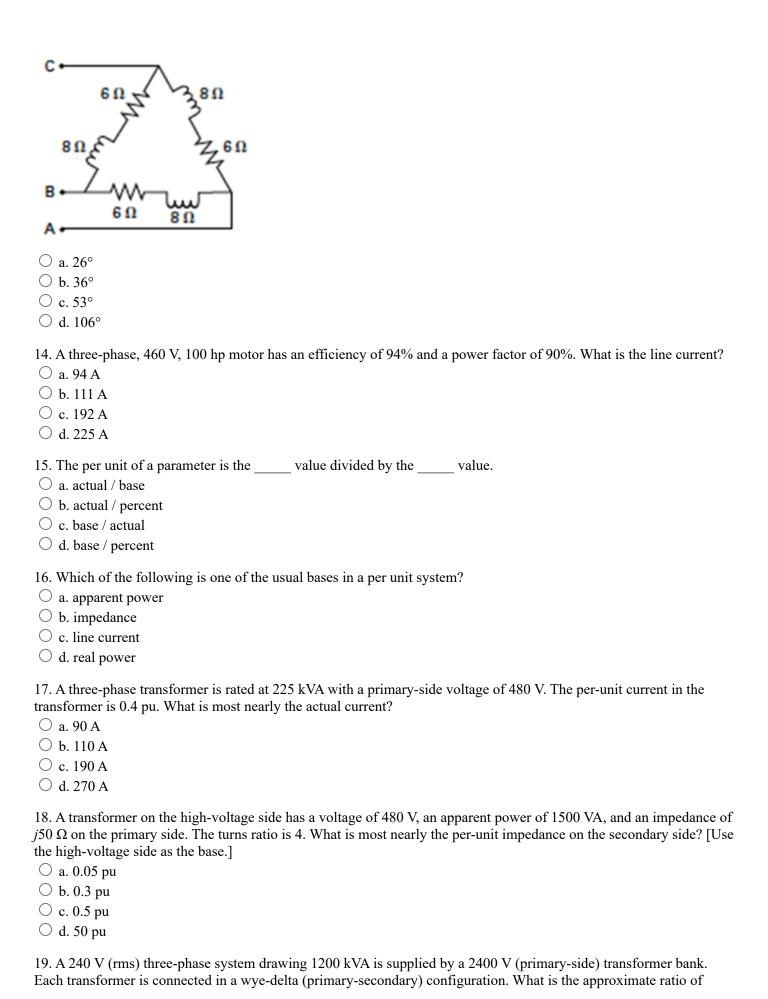
## **Final Exam**

## AC Electrical 101+

## Part II: Concepts & Three-Phase Electricity

<ol> <li>Which of the following is (are) NOT a property of three-phase energy distribution systems.</li> <li>a. fewer and smaller conductors than multiple single phase</li> <li>b. induction motors do not require additional starting windings</li> <li>c. motors generate a pulsating torque</li> <li>d. three-phase currents tend to cancel each other</li> </ol>	
<ul> <li>2. Which of the following is technically not a phasor?</li> <li>a. I</li> <li>b. V</li> <li>c. VI</li> <li>d. Z</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>3. Which of the following represents the "high" or positive polarity?</li> <li>a. arrow tail</li> <li>b. convention</li> <li>c. positive sign</li> <li>d. second letter of double subscript</li> </ul>	
4. If the maximum sinusoidal voltage is 167.7, what is the rms voltage?  a. 115 V  b. 120 V  c. 220 V  d. 240 V	
5. What part of the following formula represents the rotating portion of the quantity?	
$v(t) = \operatorname{Re}\left(\left(\frac{169.7}{\sqrt{2}}\right) e^{j30^{\circ}} e^{j\omega t}\right)$ $\bigcirc$ a. $e^{j\omega t}$ $\bigcirc$ b. $e^{j30^{\circ}}$ $\bigcirc$ c. Im $\bigcirc$ d. Re	
6. A three-phase 208 V (rms) system supplies heating elements connected in a wye configuration. What is the resistance of each element if the total balanced load is 3 kW? $\bigcirc$ a. 4.42 $\Omega$ $\bigcirc$ b. 14.42 $\Omega$ $\bigcirc$ c. 144.00 $\Omega$ $\bigcirc$ d. 1440.00 $\Omega$	

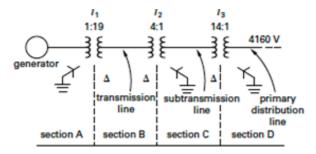
7. A three-phase system has a balanced delta load of 5000 kW at 84% power factor. If the line voltage is 4160 V (rms), what is the line current?   O a. 826 A O b. 941 A O c. 1000 A O d. 1426 A
8. A 120 V (per phase, rms) three-phase system has a balanced load consisting of three 10 $\Omega$ resistances. What total power is dissipated if the connection is a delta configuration?  O a. 12 W  D b. 36 W  C c. 1440 W  d. 4320 W
9. A 120 V (per phase, rms) three-phase system has a balanced load consisting of three 10 $\Omega$ resistances. What total power is dissipated if the connection is a wye configuration?  O a. 12 W  D b. 36 W  C c. 1440 W  d. 4320 W
10. A balanced delta load consists of three 20 $\Omega \angle 25^\circ$ impedances. The 60 Hz line voltage is 208 V (rms). What is the phase current?  O a. $10.4 \text{ A} \angle +25^\circ$ O b. $10.4 \text{ A} \angle -25^\circ$ O c. $6.4 \text{ A} \angle -25^\circ$ O d. $12.8 \text{ A} \angle -25^\circ$
11. A balanced delta load consists of three 20 $\Omega \angle 25^\circ$ impedances. The 60 Hz line voltage is 208 V (rms). What is the magnitude of line current?  O a. 3  O b. 10 A  O c. 18 A  O d. 54 A
12. A balanced delta load consists of three 20 $\Omega \angle 25^\circ$ impedances. The 60 Hz line voltage is 208 V (rms). What is the magnitude of the phase voltage?  O a. 60 V  D b. 120 V  c. 208 V  d. 240 V
13. Three identical impedances are connected in delta across a three-phase system with 240 V (rms) line voltages in an ABC sequence. What is the approximate phase impedance angle?



transformation?

- $\bigcirc$  a. 0.2
- O b. 2
- O c. 6
- O d. 7

20. Consider the one-line diagram of a three-phase distribution system. What is most nearly the generator base voltage?



- O a. 505 V
- O b. 4092 V
- O c. 7080 V
- O d. 12,250 V