

L-320CN EYE HOOK



L-320C EYE HOOK

#### All Crosby L-320 Eye Hoist Hooks incorporate the following features:

- The most complete line of Eye hoist hooks.
- · Available in carbon steel and alloy steel.
- Designed with a 5:1 Design Factor for (Carbon Steel); 4.5:1 Design Factor for 30t 60t (Alloy Steel).
- Eye hooks are load rated.
- Proper design, careful forging and precision controlled quenched and tempering give maximum strength without excessive weight and bulk.
- Every Crosby Eye Hook is equipped with a latch. Even years after purchase of the original hook, latch assemblies can be added. (See pages 121 - 123)
- Chemical analysis and tensile tests performed on each PIC to verify chemistry and mechanical properties.
- Type Approval certification in accordance with ABS 2016 Steel Vessel and Guide for Certification of Lifting Appliances 2016 available. Certificates available when requested at time of order and may include additional charges.
- Meets ASME B30.10
- Hoist hooks incorporate two types of strategically placed markings forged into the product which address two (2)
   QUIC-CHECK® features:
- Deformation Indicators and Angle Indicators (see following page for detailed definition)

# The following additional features have been incorporated in the new Crosby L-320N Eye Hoist Hooks. (Sizes 3/4 metric ton Carbon through 22 metric ton Alloy.)

- Metric Rated at 5:1 Design Factor for (Carbon Steel); 5:1 Design Factor for 1t 22t (Alloy Steel).
- Can be proof tested to 2 times the Working Load Limit.
- Low profile hook tip
- New integrated latch (S-4320) meets the world-class standard for lifting.
  - Heavy duty stamped latch interlocks with the hook tip.
  - High ciycle, long life spring.
  - When secured with proper cotter pin through the hole in the tip of hook, meets the intent of OSHA Rule 1926.1431(g) and 1926.1501(g) for personnel hoisting.













#### L-320N / L-320 EYE HOOKS

Working Load Limit (t)				Eye Hook Stock No.			Replacement Latch Kits				
Carbon	Alloy	Hook ID Code	Carbon L-320C L-320CN S.C.	Carbon GL-320CN Galv.	Alloy L-320A L-320AN S.C.	Weight Each (lb)	S-4320 Stock No.	PL Stock No.	SS-4055 Stock No.		
3/4	1	†D	1022205	1022208	1022380	.61	1096325	-	-		
1	1-1/2	†F	1022216	1022219	1022391	.89	1096374	-	-		
1-1/2	2	†G	1022227	1022230	1022402	1.44	1096421	-	-		
2	3	†H	1022238	1022241	1022413	2.07	1096468	-	-		
3	5	†1	1022246	1022249	1022424	4.30	1096515	1092000	-		
5	7	†J	1022260	1022262	1022435	8.30	1096562	1092001	-		
7-1/2	11	†K	1022271	1022274	1022446	15.00	1096609	1092002	-		
10	15	†L	1022282	1022285	1022457	20.77	1096657	1092003	-		
15	22	†N	1022293	1022296	1022468	39.50	1096704	1092004	-		
20	30	0	1022302	-	1022477	60.00	-	1093716	1090161		
25	37	Р	1023306	-	1023565	105.00	-	1093717	1090189		
30	45	S	1023324	-	1023583	148.00	-	1093718	1090189		
40	60	Т	1023342	-	1023609	228.00	-	1093719	1090205		

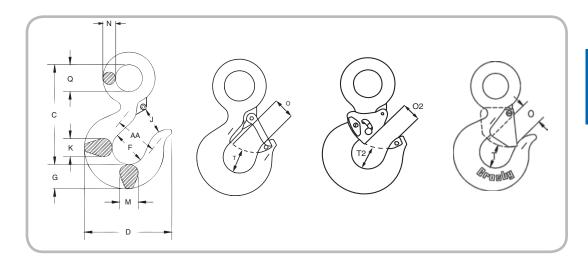
\*Eye Hooks (3/4 TC - 22TA), Proof load is 2 times Working Load Limit. Eye Hooks (20 TC - 60TA). All carbon hooks-average straightening load (ultimate load) is 5 times Working Load Limit. Alloy eye hooks 1 ton through 22 ton-average straightening load (ultimate load) is 5 times Working Load Limit. Alloy eye hooks 30 tons through 60 tons-average straightening load (ultimate load) is 4.5 times Working Load Limit. † New 320N style hook.



L-320AN EYE HOOK

- Hoist hooks incorporate markings forged into the product which address two (2) QUIC-CHECK® features.
- Deformation Indicators -- Two strategically placed marks, one just below the shank or eye and the other on the
  hook tip, which allows for a QUIC-CHECK® measurement to determine if the throat opening has changed, thus
  indicating abuse or overload. To check, use a measuring device (i.e. tape measure) to measure the distance
  between the marks. The marks should align to either an inch or half-inch increment on the measuring device.
  If the measurement does not meet this criteria, the hook should be inspected further for possible damage.
  - Angle Indicators -- Indicates the maximum included angle which is allowed between two (2) sling legs in the hook.

    These indicators also provide the opportunity to approximate other included angles between two sling legs.















#### L-320N / L-320 EYE HOOKS

Hook	Dimensions (in)													
ID Code*	С	D	F	G	J	K	M	N	0†	02 ††	Q	T†	T2 ††	AA**
D	3.34	2.83	1.25	.73	.90	.63	.63	.36	.89	-	.75	.87	-	1.50
F	3.81	3.11	1.38	.84	.93	.71	.71	.42	.91	-	.91	.98	-	2.00
G	4.14	3.53	1.50	1.00	1.00	.88	.88	.55	1.00	-	1.13	1.03	-	2.00
Н	4.69	3.97	1.63	1.13	1.13	.94	.94	.58	1.09	-	1.25	1.16	-	2.00
- 1	5.77	4.81	2.00	1.44	1.47	1.31	1.31	.72	1.36	1.00	1.56	1.53	1.50	2.50
J	7.37	6.27	2.50	1.81	1.75	1.66	1.66	.90	1.61	1.31	2.00	1.96	1.88	3.00
K	9.07	7.45	3.00	2.25	2.29	1.88	1.63	1.11	2.08	1.81	2.44	2.47	2.25	4.00
L	10.08	8.30	3.25	2.59	2.50	2.19	1.94	1.27	2.27	2.00	2.84	2.62	2.31	4.00
N	12.53	10.30	4.25	3.00	3.30	2.69	2.38	1.56	3.02	2.75	3.50	2.83	2.56	5.00
0	14.06	13.62	5.00	3.62	4.00	3.00	3.00	1.75	3.25	-	3.50	3.44	-	6.50
Р	18.19	14.06	5.38	4.56	4.25	3.75	3.19	2.00	3.00	-	4.50	3.88	-	7.00
S	20.12	15.44	6.00	5.06	4.75	4.50	3.25	2.18	3.38	-	4.94	4.75	-	8.00
Т	23.72	18.50	7.00	6.00	5.75	5.50	3.91	2.53	4.12	-	5.69	5.69	-	10.00

\*Eye Hooks (3/4 TC-22TA), Proof load is 2 times Working Load Limit. Eye Hooks (20 TC-60TA). All carbon hooks - average straightening load (ultimate load) is 5 times Working Load Limit. Alloy eye hooks 1t through 22t - average straightening load (ultimate load) is 5 times Working Load Limit. Alloy eye hooks 30t through 60t - average straightening load (ultimate load) is 4.5 times Working Load Limit.

times Working Load Limit.

\*\* Deformation Indicators.† 3/4tC - 22tA dimensions shown are for S-4320 Latch Kits. Dimensions for "O" frame size and larger are for PL Latch Kits.

†† Dimensions are for PL-N latch kits.

### McKissick® HOIST HOOKS

#### WARNINGS & APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS



Series



Series





L-322 Series Positioning

L-3322B Series

#### **WARNING**

- Loads may disengage from hook if proper procedures are not followed.
- A falling load may cause serious injury or death.
- See OSHA Rule 1926.1431(g)(1)(i)(A) and 1926.1501(g)(4)(iv) (B) for personnel hoisting by cranes and derricks, and OSHA Directive CPL 2-1.36 Interim Inspection Procedures During Communication Tower Construction Activities. A Crosby 319, L-320 or L-322 hook with a PL latch attached and secured with a bolt, nut and cotter pin (or toggle pin) may be used for lifting personnel. A Crosby 319N, L-320N or L-322N hook with an S-4320 latch attached and secured with cotter pin or bolt, nut and pin; or a PL-N latch attached and secured with toggle pin may be used for lifting personnel. A hook with a Crosby SS-4055 latch attached shall NOT be used for personnel lifting.
- See OSHA Directive CPL 2-1.36 Crosby does not recommend the placement of lanyards directly into the positive locking Crosby hook when hoisting personnel. Crosby requires that all suspension systems (vertical lifelines / lanyard) shall be gathered at the positive locked load hook by use of a master link, or a bolt-type shackle secured with cotter pin.
- Threads or Split-Nut may corrode and/or strip and drop the load.
- Remove securement nut to inspect or to replace S-322 and S-3319 bearing washers (2).
- Hook must always support the load. The load must never be supported by the latch.
- Never apply more force than the hook's assigned Working Load Limit (WLL) rating.
- · Read and understand these instructions before using hook.

**QUIC-CHECK®** Hoist hooks incorporate markings forged into the product which address two (2) QUIC-CHECK® features:

Deformation Indicators - Two strategically placed marks, one just below the shank or eye and the other on the hook tip, which allows for a QUIC-CHECK® measurement to determine if the throat opening has changed, thus indicating abuse or overload.



**To check**, use a measuring device (i.e., tape measure) to measure the distance between the marks. The marks should align to either an inch or half-inch increment on the measuring device. If the measurement does not meet criteria, the hook should be inspected further for possible damage.

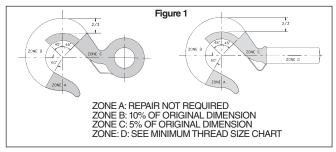
**Angle Indicators** - Indicates the maximum included angle which is allowed between two (2) sling legs in the hook. These indicators also provide the opportunity to approximate other included angles between two sling legs.

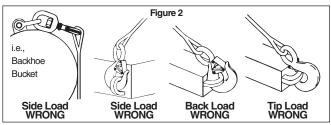
#### **IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION - READ & FOLLOW**

- A visual periodic inspection for cracks, nicks, wear, gouges and deformation as part of a comprehensive documented inspection program, should be conducted by trained personnel in compliance with the schedule in ASME B30.10.
- For hooks used in frequent load cycles or pulsating loads, the hook and threads should be periodically inspected by Magnetic Particle or Dye Penetrant. (Note: Some disassembly may be required.)
- Never use a hook whose throat opening has been increased, or whose tip has been bent more than 10 degrees out of plane from the hook body, or is in any other way distorted or bent. Note: A latch will

#### not work properly on a hook with a bent or worn tip.

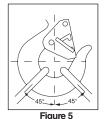
- · Never use a hook that is worn beyond the limits shown in Figure 1.
- Remove from service any hook with a crack, nick, or gouge. Hooks
  with a nick or gouge shall be repaired by grinding lengthwise,
  following the contour of the hook, provided that the reduced
  dimension is within the limits shown in Figure 1. Contact Crosby
  Engineering to evaluate any crack.
- Remove from service any hook which has threads corroded more than 20% of the nut engagement length.
- Never repair, alter, rework, or reshape a hook by welding, heating, burning, or bending.
- Never side load, back load, or tip load a hook. (Side loading, back loading and tip loading are conditions that damage and reduce the capacity of the hook). (See Figure 2.)
- Eye hooks, shank hooks and swivel hooks are designed to be used with wire rope or chain. Efficiency of assembly may be reduced when used with synthetic material.
- Do not swivel the L-322 or S-3319 swivel hooks while supporting a load. These hooks are distinguishable by hex nuts and flat washers.
- The L-3322 swivel hook is designed to rotate under load. The L-3322 is distinguishable from the L-322 by use of a round nut designed to shield bearing.
- The frequency of bearing lubrication on the L-3322 depends upon frequency and period of product use as well as environmental conditions, which are contingent upon the user's good judgment.
- The use of a latch may be mandatory by regulations or safety codes; e.g., OSHA, MSHA, ASME B30, Insurance, etc.. (Note: When using latches, see instructions in "Understanding: The Crosby Group Warnings" for further information.)
- Always make sure the hook supports the load (See Figure 3). The latch must never support the load (See Figure 4).
- When multileg slings are placed in the base (bowl/saddle) of the hook, the maximum included angle between sling legs shall be 90 deg. The maximum sling leg angle with respect to the hook centerline for any rigging arrangement shall be 45 degrees. A collector ring, such as a link or shackle, should be used to maintain in-line load when more than two legs are placed in a hook or for angles greater than 45 degrees with respect to hook centerline. When more than two legs are placed in the hook bunching of the legs shall be avoided.
- Reference Crosby's Hoist Hook Warning and Application Information for basic machining and minimum thread size.
- See ASME B30.10 "Hooks" for additional information.











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## Removal of Split-Nut assembly (Reference Figure A):

- Remove vinyl cover.
- · Remove spring retaining ring.
- · Remove split nut halves.

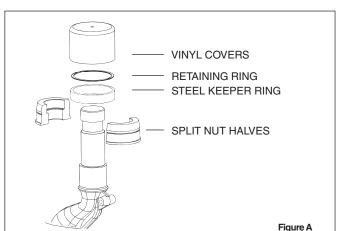
# Inspection of split nut assembly and hook shank interface area (Reference Figure B):

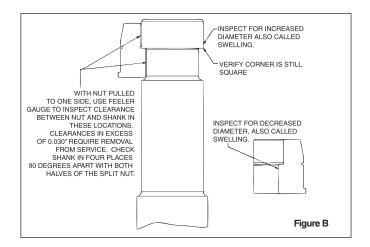
- Inspect hook shank and split nut for signs of deformation on and adjacent to the load bearing surfaces.
- Inspect outside corner of hook shank load bearing surface to verify the corner is sharp.
- Verify retaining ring groove will allow proper seating of the retaining ring.
- Inspect retaining ring for corrosion or deformation. Remove from service any retaining ring that has excessive corrosion or is deformed.
- Use fine grit emery or crocus cloth to remove any corrosion from machined hook shank and split nut assembly.
- Follow inspection recommendations listed in this document under IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION.
- If corrosion is present on the nut / shank interface area and deterioration or degradation of the metal components is evident, further inspection is required.
  - The use of a feeler gauge is required to properly measure the maximum allowable gap width between the split nut inside diameters and shank outside diameters.
  - With one split nut half seated against the hook shank, push the nut to one side and measure the maximum gaps as shown in Figure B. The hook should be measured in four places, 90-degrees apart.
  - Repeat above inspection procedure with other half of split nut.
  - Remove from service any hook and split nut assembly that exhibits a gap greater than 0.030".

## Installation of split nut assembly (Reference Figure A):

- Coat hook shank and inside of split nut with an anti-seize compound or heavy grease.
- Install split nut halves onto shank. The flanged bottom of the split nut should be closest to the hook shoulder.

- Slide steel keeper ring over split nut halves. Verify the split nut halves properly seat against the load bearing surface of the hook shank and the steel keeper ring seats against the flange of the split nut.
- Install retaining ring onto split nut halves. Verify the retaining ring seats properly in the retaining ring groove on the outside diameter of the split nut assembly.
- · Install vinyl cover over split nut and hook shank assembly.
- · Verify all fasteners are correctly installed.
- Always use Genuine Crosby replacement parts.

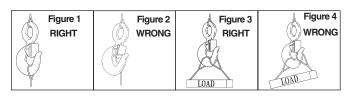




## Warning and Application Instructions For McKISSICK® Hook Latch Kit

#### **IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION - READ & FOLLOW**

- Always inspect hook and latch before using.
- Never use a latch that is distorted or bent.
- Always make sure spring will force the latch against the tip of the hook.
- Always make sure hook supports the load. The latch must never support the load. (See Figures 1 & 2)
- When placing two (2) sling legs in hooks, make sure the angle between the legs is less the 90° and if the hook or load is tilted, nothing bears against the bottom of this latch. (See Figures 3 & 4)
- Latches are intended to retain loose sling or devices under slack conditions.
- · Latches are not intended to be an anti-fouling device.



#### **WARNING**

- Loads may disengage from hook if proper procedures are not followed.
- A falling load may cause serious injury or death.
- See OSHA Rule 1926.1431(g)(1)(i)(A) and 1926.1501(g)(4)(iv) (B) for personnel hoisting for cranes and derricks. Only a Crosby or McKissick hook with a PL Latch attached and secured with bolt, nut and cotter (or Crosby Toggle Pin) or a Crosby hook with a S-4320 Latch attached and secured with a cotter pin, or a Crosby SHUR-LOC® hook in the locked position may be used for any personnel hoisting. A hook with a Crosby SS-4055 latch attached shall NOT be used for personnel lifting.
- Hook must always support the load. The load must never be supported by the latch.
- Do not use this latch in applications requiring non-sparking.
- Read and understand these instructions before using hook and latch.