**Compliant SDS for GHS - Canada WHMIS 2015** 

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**Butcher Block Oil** 



Section 1. Identification	
GHS product identifier	: Butcher Block Oil
Product code	: Not available.
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	
Polish oil.	

Supplier's details	: General Finishes 2462 Corporate Circle East Troy, WI 53120 U.S.A. Phone no.: 262-642-4545 Toll free no.: 1-800-783-6050 Fax no.: 262-642-4707 Web: GeneralFinishes.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CHEMTREC, U.S.: 1-800-424-9300 International: +1-703-527-3887 (24/7)

# Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

OSHA/HCS status	<ul> <li>This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).</li> </ul>
Classification of the substance or mixture	: ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 4
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> <li>H413 - May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statement	<u>5</u>
Prevention	: P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
Response	: P301 + P310, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting.

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# Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Storage	: P405 - Store locked up.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified (US)	: None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	1	Substance
Other means of	:	Not available.
identification		

### **CAS number/other identifiers**

**CAS** number

 8042-47-5
 0042-47-0

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
White mineral oil (petroleum)	80 - 100	8042-47-5

United States: The exact percentage (concentration) in the composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200.

Canada: The exact percentage (concentration) in the composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with the amended HPR as of April 2018.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed



# Section 4. First aid measures

Potential acute health e	ffects
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
<u>Over-exposure signs/sy</u>	<u>mptoms</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting
Indication of immediate r	nedical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
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- **Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- **Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

•	-
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: This material may cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ) and carbon monoxide (CO).
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
personnel	Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from
	entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist.
	Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is
	inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.



# Section 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for c	ontainment and cleaning up
Spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling		
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## <u>Control parameters</u> <u>United States</u>

**Occupational exposure limits** 





# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
White mineral oil (petroleum)	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Mist

### <u>Canada</u>

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Ingredient name	Exposure limits		
White mineral oil (petroleum)	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Mist</li> <li>15 min OEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Mist</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).</li> <li>TWAEV: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: mist</li> <li>STEV: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: mist</li> </ul>		

Appropriate engineering controls	ood general ventilat ntaminants.	ion should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne
Environmental exposure controls		ation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure equirements of environmental protection legislation.

### Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.



# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid. [Viscous liquid.]
Color	: Colorless.
Odor	: Petroleum.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting/freezing point	: Pour point: -40 to -12°C (-40 to 10.4°F)
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: >260°C (>500°F)
Flash point	: Open cup: >155°C (>311°F) [Cleveland.]
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: <0.0013 kPa (<0.01 mm Hg) [room temperature]
Vapor density	: >1 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 0.85 to 0.87 @ 15.6°C (60.1°F)
Solubility	: Soluble in hydrocarbon solvents, insoluble in water.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: >6
Auto-ignition temperature	: 325 to 355°C (617 to 671°F)
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 0.09 to 0.2 cm <sup>2</sup> /s (9 to 20 cSt)
VOC content	: Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

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Conditions to avoid	: Extended exposure to high temperatures can cause decomposition. Avoid all possible sources of ignition.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

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# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

# Incompatible materials : May react with strong acids or strong oxidizing agents, such as chlorates, nitrates, peroxides, etc.

**Hazardous decomposition** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
White mineral oil (petroleum)	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

There is no data available.

#### **Sensitization**

There is no data available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

There is no data available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

There is no data available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

There is no data available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

There is no data available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

There is no data available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
White mineral oil (petroleum)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely	: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.
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routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects
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Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure				
Short term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Long term exposure				
Potential immediate effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Potential chronic health effects				
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			

### Numerical measures of toxicity

### Acute toxicity estimates

There is no data available.

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

There is no data available.

### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
White mineral oil (petroleum)	>6	-	high

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.



# Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

**AERG** : Not applicable

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: This material is listed or exempted.

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed

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# Section 15. Regulatory information

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

### SARA 302/304

### Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

### SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

### SARA 311/312 Classification

### : ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**Composition/information on ingredients** 

Name	%	Classification
White mineral oil (petroleum)	80 - 100	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### **State regulations**

Massachusetts	: This material is listed.
New York	: This material is not listed.
New Jersey	: This material is not listed.
Pennsylvania	: This material is not listed.
California Prop. 65	

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

### **Canadian lists**

**Canadian NPRI** 

: This material is listed.

### **CEPA Toxic substances**

: This material is not listed.

### International regulations

<u>Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals</u> Not listed.

### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

# Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

#### **Inventory list**

- Canada United States (TSCA 8b)
- : This material is listed or exempted.
- es (TSCA 8b) : This material is active or exempted.





# Section 16. Other information

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification		Justification
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 4		Expert judgment Expert judgment
<u>History</u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 01/15/2021	
Date of previous issue	: 04/30/2019	
Version	: 2	
Prepared by	: KMK Regulatory Services Inc.	
Prepared by: KMK Regulatory Services Inc.Key to abbreviations: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Cher IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient 		on Goods rtition coefficient Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

